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1	HARALSON MILLER PITT FELDMAN & MCANALLY, I	PLC
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3	(602) 266-5557 José de Jesus Rivera, SBN004604	
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7	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF	THE STATE OF ARIZONA
8	IN AND FOR THE COUN	TY OF COCONINO
9		No. CV2010-00713
10	ALFRED A. MOYA, a single man, Plaintiff,	
11	VS.	
12	WHE DOLLAR GAMERON OF GAMERO ON	COMPLAINT
	THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH OF THE DIOCESE OF GALLUP, a	
13	corporation sole; THE ROMAN	Assigned to MOPAN
14	CATHOLIC CHURCH OF THE	Assigned to Treby 1314
15	ARCHDIOCESE OF SANTA FE, a corporation sole; THE ROMAN	
16	CATHOLIC CHURCH OF THE	
17	DIOCESE OF CORPUS CHRISTI, a	
18	corpora sole; OUR LADY OF	
19	GUADALUPE CHURCH & PARISH, an Arizona corporation; THE ESTATE	
- 1	OF FATHER CLEMENT A.	
20	HAGEMAN, deceased; JOHN DOE I-	
21	X; JANE DOE I-X; and BLACK & WHITE CORPORATIONS I-X,	
22	Willie Cold Old Horts 17x,	
23	Defendants.	
24		
25	Plaintiff, for his complaint, states and a	illeges the following:
26	JURISI	DICTION
27	1. Plaintiff, Alfred W. Moya, is a res	sident of Maricopa County, Arizona.
28	1. I famility, Amica W. Woya, is a les	naon oi manoopa county, misoian

- The acts, events, and or omissions occurred in Arizona. The cause of action arose in Navajo County, Arizona.
- 2. Defendant The Roman Catholic Church of the Diocese of Gallup (Gallup) is a corporation sole. The presiding Bishops of the Diocese of Gallup during the relevant times at issue in this Complaint were Bishop Bernard T. Espelage (1940-1969), Bishop Jerome J. Hastrich (1969 1990), Bishop Donald Edmond Pelotte (1990 2008), and Bishop James S. Wall (2009 present). Bishop Wall is presently governing Bishop of the Diocese of Gallup.
- 3. The Diocese of Gallup is incorporated in the State of New Mexico and has its principle place of business in Gallup, New Mexico. The territory of the Diocese of Gallup encompasses 55,000 square miles including the Northeastern portion of Arizona. At the time of the alleged acts or omission, the Diocese of Gallup included portions of North Central Arizona. The Diocese of Gallup was canonically erected on December 16, 1939.
- 4. Defendant Gallup, acting through its priests, Bishops, Archbishops, employees, and agents of any kind caused acts, events, or omissions to occur in Holbrook, Navajo County, Arizona out of which these claims arise.
- 5. Defendant The Roman Catholic Church for the Archdiocese of Santa

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Fe (Santa Fe) is a corporation sole. The presiding Archbishops of the Archdiocese of Santa Fe during the relevant times at issue in this Complaint were Archbishop Rudolf A. Gerken (1933 – 1943). Archbishop Michael J. Sheehan is presently governing Archbishop of the Archdiocese of Santa Fe.

- 6. The Diocese of Gallup is subordinate to the Archdiocese of Santa Fe.
- 7. Defendant Santa Fe, acting through its priests, Bishops, Archbishops, employees, and agents of any kind caused acts, events, or omissions to occur in Holbrook, Navajo County, Arizona out of which these claims arise.
- 8. Defendant The Roman Catholic Church of the Diocese of Corpus Christi (Corpus Christi) is a corporation sole. The presiding Bishops of the Diocese of Corpus Christi during the relevant times at issue in this Complaint were Bishop Emmanuel Ledvina (1921 1949), Bishop Mariano S. Garriga (1949 1965), Bishop Thomas J. Drury (1965 1983), Bishop Rene J. Gracida (1983 1997), Bishop Roberto O. Gonzalez (1997 2000), Bishop Edmond Carmody (2000 2010), Bishop Wm. Michael Mulvey (2010 present). Bishop Mulvey is presently governing Bishop of the Diocese of Corpus Christi.
- 9. Defendant Corpus Christi, acting through its priests, Bishops,

Archbishops, employees, and agents of any kind caused acts, events, or omissions to occur in Holbrook, Navajo County, Arizona out of which these claims arise.

- 10. Defendant Our Lady of Guadalupe Church and Parish (Guadalupe) is an Arizona corporation. At all times alleged, Our Lady of Guadalupe was owned, operated, and controlled by the Diocese of Gallup. Our Lady of Guadalupe Church and Parish are located in Navajo County, Holbrook, Arizona.
- 11. Defendant Guadalupe, acting through its priests, Bishops, Archbishops, employees and agents of any kind caused acts, events, or omissions to occur in Holbrook, Navajo County, Arizona out of which these claims arise.
- 12. Defendant Father Hageman was ordained as a Roman Catholic on June 10, 1930 and was incardinated in the Diocese of Corpus Christi by Bishop Emmanuel B. Ledvina.
- 13. At all times alleged, Defendant Father Clement A. Hageman was a Roman Catholic priest who caused acts, events, or omissions to occur in Holbrook, Navajo County, Arizona out of which these claims arise. At all times alleged, Defendant Hageman was employed by and was the actual or apparent agent of Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Corpus Christi and Guadalupe.

- 14. Defendant Hageman was under the supervision, employ, or control of Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Corpus Christi and Guadalupe when he committed the wrongful acts, events, and omission alleged.
- 15. Defendant Father Clement A. Hageman died on July 2, 1975 while serving as the administrator of the Madre de Dios Parish in Winslow, Navajo County, Arizona.
- 16. At all times alleged, the priests, Bishops, Archbishops, employees and agents were acting within their course and scope of employment or alternatively, acting within their actual or apparent authority. The wrongful acts, events, or omissions committed by Defendant Hageman and by those priests, Bishops, Archbishops, employees and agents who acted individually and in concert with the other to hide and cover up Hageman's history, pattern, and propensity to abuse young boys were done within the course and scope of their authority with their employing entities, or incidental to that authority and were acquiesced in, affirmed, and ratified by those entities.
- 17. Defendants JOHN DOE I-X, JANE DOE I-X, and BLACK AND
 WHITE CORPORATIONS I-X, are fictitious names designating an
 individual or individuals or legal entities not yet identified who have
 acted in concert with the named Defendants either as principals,
 agents, or co-participants whose true names Plaintiffs may insert when

identified.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Guadalupe, and Corpus Christi allowed Hageman to relocate to a remote part of Arizona after Hageman sexually abused boys in Texas.

- 18. Plaintiff incorporates all other paragraphs.
- 19. Father Hageman was ordained a Roman Catholic priest on June 10,1930. He was incardinated in the Diocese of Corpus Christi byBishop Emmanuel B. Ledvina.
- 20. As a Roman Catholic Priest incardinated in the Diocese of Corpus Christi, Father Hageman was required to have the permission of the Bishop of the Diocese of Corpus Christi (Bishop Ledvina) before being allowed to serve another order of priests or Diocese.
- 21. Upon information and belief, as early as 1936 Corpus Christi knew or should have known that Father Hageman was sexually abusing / molesting young boys with whom he had a trusting relationship.
- 22. Upon information and belief, by April 1939, the pastor at St. Peter's Catholic Church in Loredo, Texas, Father Daniel Laning, informed Bishop Ledvina (Bishop of the Diocese of Corpus Christi) that Father Hageman sexual abused boys. Father Laning urged Father Hageman to request assignment to a monastery for the balance of his life or to

- request secularization.
- 23. Father Laning assured Bishop Ledvina that the boys were kept close to him and that news of the affair was kept from public knowledge.
- 24. Upon information and belief, in April 1939 Bishop Ledvina did not have any confidence that Father Hageman would be able to overcome or control his "weakness." Bishop Ledvina agreed with Father Laning that the best course of action would be for Father Hageman to enter a monastery for the remainder of his life or to apply to the Holy See for laicization (to defrock or remove a priest's right to exercise the functions of ordained ministry).
- 25. As a result of the sexual abuse in Loredo, Texas, Bishop Ledvina banished Father Hageman from the Diocese of Corpus Christi.
- 26. Upon information and belief, in September 1939, Father Hageman requested permission from Bishop Ledvina to serve in the Alexian Brother's hospital located in Oshkosh, Wisconsin. Bishop Ledvina advised the rector of the Alexian Brother's hospital of his justified apprehensions, informing the rector that Father Hageman "can put up a good front and will apparently show signs of repentance and reform; but, as was proven by his past record he forgets his resolutions and falls into his old habits, when he seems to think he is no longer suspected, and cleverly hides his gradual fall into his old

transgressions." Aware of Father Hageman's prior sexual abuse and cunning ability to fool others, Bishop Ledvina told the rector that he would not trust him.

- 27. Father Hageman relocated to Connecticut after the Alexian Brother's denied him the opportunity to serve in the hospital.
- 28. Upon information and belief, in September 1940, a priest in Connecticut begged Bishop Ledvina to give Father Hageman another chance. Bishop Ledvina informed Bishop McCauliff of the Diocese of Hartford, Connecticut that the subordinate priest was out of order. According to Bishop Ledvina, Father Hageman had already been given a second chance when he was assigned to an older priest as an assistant. During that assignment, Bishop Ledvina warned that Father Hageman should be watched closely and nothing should be taken for granted. Bishop Ledvina eventually learned that Father Hageman had fallen back into is old sinful habits. Bishop Ledvina informed Bishop McCauliff that Father Hageman could not return to the two cities he was previously assigned because he may experience "bodily violence from outraged parents." Bishop Ledvina again shared his belief that Father Hageman should request laicization.
- 29. In November 1940, Archbishop Rudolf A. Gerken (Archdiocese of Santa Fe) sent Father Hageman to the mission at Smith Lake in

- Thorough, New Mexico in the newly created Diocese of Gallup.
- 30. Upon information and belief, on or about December 1940, Archbishop Gerken informed the newly installed Bishop of the Diocese of Gallup, Bishop Bernard T. Espelage, that Father Hageman was guilty of playing with boys.
- 31. Upon information and belief, in December 1940, Bishop Espelage requested information about Father Hageman from Bishop Ledvina.

 Bishop Ledvina confirmed that Father Hageman was guilty of playing with boys. Without explanation, however, Bishop Ledvina recommended that Bishop Espelage "try him out, maybe [he] might prove trustworthy at last."
- 32. Upon information and belief, Bishop Ledvina did not inform Bishop Espelage of the prior incidents of sexual abuse or Father Hageman's ability to fool others into believing that he was remorseful and reformed.
- 33. Upon information and belief, in October 1941, Bishop Espelage informed Bishop Ledvina that there were no reports of Father Hageman sexually abusing young boys. Instead of informing Bishop Espelage that Father Hageman had previously fooled another priest into believing he was reformed only to discover that he sexual abused more boys, Bishop Ledvina led Bishop Espelage to believe Hageman

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was fit to serve as a Roman Catholic priest who would minister to young boys including plaintiff.

- 34. On August 1, 1942, Bishop Espelage, relying on the assurances and blessings of Bishop Ledvina, assigned Father Hageman to Our Lady of Guadalupe Church and Parish in Holbrook, Arizona.
- 35. Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Guadalupe, and Corpus Christi, through their respective priests, Bishops, Archbishops, employees, or agents knew or should have known that Hageman would have contact with Catholic parishoners including young children creating an unreasonable and unjustifiable risk of harm to young children, including Plaintiff.
- 36. Upon information and belief, in October 1952 a group of men from Defendant Our Lady of Guadalupe Church and Parish confronted Hageman and accused him of sexually abusing boys in the parish.
 The men informed Bishop Espelage who contacted Hageman.
- 37. Upon information and belief, Father Hageman responded to the charges by admitting that he was "imprudent in [his] dealings with boys."

Hageman sexually abused Alfred W. Moya When Moya was a young boy in Holbrook, Arizona

38. Plaintiff incorporates all other paragraphs.

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- 39. To cope with the trauma of sexual abuse, Alfred W. Moya involuntarily and unconsciously blocked the memories of sexual abuse from his mind. In July 2007, Moya drove through Gallup, New Mexico while returning home from a vacation. While at a local restaurant, Moya began to experience flashback memories of sexual abuse. Moya contacted a therapist when he returned to Phoenix. Through counseling, Moya recovered memories of sexual abuse.
- 40. In 1952, Alfred Moya turned I2 years old. Mr. Moya participated in the Catholic tradition of serving as an altar boy at Our Lady of Guadalupe Church and Parish. Father Clement A. Hageman provided religious instruction to the altar boys.
- 41. After attending altar boy classes, Father Hageman invited Alfred Moya to his home. Hageman gave Moya comic books to read. As he stood to leave, Hageman grabbed Moya from behind and rubbed his erect penis against Moya's butt and back.
- 42. While playing on the merry-go-round, Hageman invited Moya to his home. Hageman lured Moya into his home by offering him comic books he recently purchased. Hageman rubbed his erect penis against Moya's butt and back. Hageman then took Moya to his bedroom where he pulled down his pants and forced Moya to stroke his penis. Hageman ejaculated.

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- 43. Hageman forced Moya and another boy to lie naked in his bed.
 Hageman was wearing only a t-shirt. Moya and the other boy were forced to take turns stroking Hageman's penis. Moya was forced to perform oral sex. Hageman ejaculated.
- 44. Hageman called Moya to his bathroom. Hageman was seated with his pants at his ankles and penis exposed. Hageman forced Moya to his knees and demanded oral sex. Moya resisted. Hageman continued to force Moya to perform oral sex and stroke his penis. Hageman ejaculated.
- 45. Hageman forced Moya to lie naked on top of him as Hageman put his penis between his legs and scrotum.
- 46. Hageman forced Moya to bend over naked while he satisfied himself from behind.

Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Guadalupe, and Corpus Christi covered up Hageman's history and propensity of sexual abuse

- 47. Plaintiff incorporates all other paragraphs.
- 48. Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Corpus Christi, and Guadalupe through its priests, Bishops, Archbishops, employees, or agents of any kind knew or should have known that Hageman sexually abused young boys. Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Corpus Christi, and Guadalupe also knew or should have known of his propensity to commit sexual

abuse.

- 49. Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Corpus Christi, and Guadalupe did not disclose or report the sexual abuse. Instead, acting individual and in concert with the other, Defendants kept the news of Hageman's sexual abuse from the church members, including Plaintiff and his family.
- 50. Upon information and belief, Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe,
 Guadalupe, and Corpus Christi, and Hageman, their priests, Bishops,
 Archbishops, and agents of any kind followed the orders,
 commandments, directives, policies, or procedures of the Roman
 Catholic Church mandated by the priests, Bishops, Archbishops,
 Cardinals, Vatican, the Holy See, the Holy Office, and the Holy Father
 requiring that all matters and details regarding clergy sexual abuse be
 kept absolutely secret. The secrets of priest sexual abuse were
 commonly regarded as a secret of the Holy Office.
- 51. Upon information and belief, Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Guadalupe, and Corpus Christi, and Hageman, their priests, Bishops, Archbishops, and agents of any kind also followed the orders, commandments, directives, policies, or procedures of the Roman Catholic Church mandated by the Vatican, the Holy See, the Holy Office, Bishops, Archbishops, Cardinals and the Holy Father allowing a priest accused of sexual abuse to be transferred to a new assignment.

52. Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Guadalupe, Corpus Christi, and
Hageman acted individually and in concert with one another to engage
in a pattern and practice of protecting priests who sexually abused
parishoners and children by ratifying, concealing, failing to report, or
investigate clergy sexual abuse, molestation, and sexual misconduct.

Defendants are estopped from alleging the statute of limitations as a defense

- 53. Plaintiff incorporates all other paragraphs.
- 54. After passing through Gallup, New Mexico, Alfred W. Moya experienced flash back memories of being sexually abused by a Roman Catholic priest. Previously, Mr. Moya involuntarily and unconsciously blocked the memories of sexual abuse from his conscious mind to cope with the trauma of sexual abuse. Through counseling, Mr. Moya discovered that Defendant Father Clement A. Hageman sexual abused him when he was a young altar boy living in Holbrook, Arizona.
- 55. On or about September 23, 2009, Plaintiff Alfred W. Moya discovered for the first time that Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Guadalupe, and Corpus Christi through their priests, Bishops, Archbishops, employees, and agents of any kind covered up and deliberately tried to hide and deny the specific incidents of Hageman's sexual abuse,

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Hageman's history of sexual abuse, and Hageman's propensity for sexual abuse.

56. Defendants are equitably estopped from alleging the statute of limitations as a defense in this case because of the inequitable conduct of Defendants, because of their fraud, breach of fiduciary duties, and promises to toll the statute of limitations to investigate and settle the allegations of sexual abuse.

COUNT I

SEXUAL ASSAULT / SEXUAL ABUSE / MOLESTATION (Father Clement A. Hageman)

- 57. Plaintiff incorporates all other paragraphs.
- 58. Defendant Father Clement A. Hageman intentionally, knowingly, recklessly, or negligently engaged in sexual conduct, including but not limited to oral sex, with Plaintiff Alfred W. Moya.
- As a direct and proximate cause of Defendant Hageman's wrongful acts Plaintiff suffered and will continue to suffer in the future great pain of mind and body, shock, emotional distress, embarrassment, loss of self-esteem, disgrace, humiliation, anger, rage, frustration, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of consortium, loss of love and affection, sexual dysfunction, past and future medical expenses for psychological treatment, therapy, and counseling.

COUNT II

BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY

(All Defendants)

- 60. Plaintiff incorporates all other paragraphs.
- 61. Defendants' relationship with Plaintiff Alfred W. Moya was one of spiritual guide, counselor, and shepherd. As a fiduciary to Plaintiff, Defendants owed a duty to investigate, obtain, and disclose sexual misconduct, sexual assault, sexual abuse, molestation, sexual propensities, and other inappropriate acts of its priests, including Defendant Clement A. Hageman. As fiduciary, counselor and spiritual guide, Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty to work solely for his benefit.
- 62. Defendants breached their fiduciary duties owed to Plaintiff.
- 63. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendants' breach Plaintiff suffered and will continue to suffer in the future great pain of mind and body, shock, emotional distress, embarrassment, loss of self-esteem, disgrace, humiliation, anger, rage, frustration, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of consortium, loss of love and affection, sexual dysfunction, past and future medical expenses for psychological treatment, therapy, and counseling.

COUNT III

INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

- 64. Plaintiff incorporates all other paragraphs.
- Defendants' wrongful conduct, including sexual abuse, conspiracy to conceal sexual abuse, failure to report Hageman's sexual abuse of children, acquiescence, affirmance, and ratification of Hageman's sexual abuse exceeded the bounds of decency and were extreme and outrageous causing Plaintiffs to suffer severe emotional and psychological distress.

COUNT IV

(Gallup, Santa Fe, Guadalupe, and Corpus Christi)

- 66. Plaintiff incorporates all other paragraphs.
- 67. Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Guadalupe, and Corpus Christi, have a duty to provide true, accurate, and or complete information to prevent a substantial and foreseeable risk of injury to young Catholic children, including Plaintiff.
- 68. Instead of reporting and disclosing the incidents of sexual abuse,
 Hageman's history of sexual abuse, or Hageman's propensity to
 sexually abuse young boys, Defendants breached their duties to
 Plaintiff by providing vague, incomplete, and inconsistent information
 regarding Hageman's ability to serve as a Roman Catholic priest.

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69. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendants' breach Plaintiff suffered and will continue to suffer in the future great pain of mind and body, shock, emotional distress, embarrassment, loss of self-esteem, disgrace, humiliation, anger, rage, frustration, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of consortium, loss of love and affection, sexual dysfunction, past and future medical expenses for psychological treatment, therapy, and counseling.

COUNT V

NEGLIGENT SUPERVISION / RETENTION

(Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Guadalupe, Corpus Christi)

- 70. Plaintiff incorporates all other paragraphs.
- 71. Defendants Gallup, Santa Fe, Guadalupe, or Corpus Christi had a duty to hire, fire, train, retain, supervise, and or counsel employees or priests who had the knowledge, education, training, physical, psychological, and spiritual ability to serve as Roman Catholic Priests.
- 72. As early as 1936, the Roman Catholic Church, including Defendants
 Gallup, Santa Fe, Guadalupe, or Corpus Christi knew that Defendant
 Hageman sexually abused children.
- 73. Defendants, individually and in concert with the other, breached their duties to Plaintiff.
- 74. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendants' breach Plaintiff

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suffered and will continue to suffer in the future great pain of mind and body, shock, emotional distress, embarrassment, loss of self-esteem, disgrace, humiliation, anger, rage, frustration, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of consortium, loss of love and affection, sexual dysfunction, past and future medical expenses for psychological treatment, therapy, and counseling.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- 75. Plaintiff requests judgment in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants as follows:
 - a. For Plaintiff's general and special damages in an amount to be proven at trial by jury;
 - b. For Plaintiff's incurred costs together with interest at the highest lawful rate on the total amount of all sums awarded from the date of judgment until paid;
 - c. For the fair and reasonable monetary value of Plaintiff's past, present, and future pain and suffering in an amount to be proven at trial by jury;
 - d. For the medical expenses incurred up to the date of trial and any additional expenses necessary for future medical care and treatment;
 - e. For punitive damages or exemplary damages to be set by a

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1	jury in an amount sufficient to punish Defendants for their	
2	outrageous conduct and to make an example out of them so	
3	out ageous conduct and to make an example out of them so	
4	that others do not engage in similar conduct in the future;	
5	f. For such other and further relief as this Court may deem just	
6	and proper.	
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8	DATED this 12 day of August, 2010.	
9	HARALSON, MILLER, PITT	
10	FELDMAN & McANALLY, P.L.C.	
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13	By Robert E. Pastor	
14	Attorneys for Defendant	
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17	ORIGINAL of the foregoing	
18	filed this day of August, 2010	
19	Clerk of the Court	
20	Coconino County Superior Court 200 North San Francisco	
21	Flagstaff, AZ 86001	
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