VI. COMMUNICATION POLICY AND RESPONSE TO THOSE IMPACTED BY THE PAIN OF SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

When members of the clergy or other ministers or volunteers engage in sexual misconduct, many people may be harmed or affected. This is true not only of those directly involved in the misconduct, but also of the members of the parishes or other Catholic entities where the minister currently serves or served in the past. Outlined below are the key elements of the response that the Diocese may take to help heal this pain. These responses are guided by three key principles.

First, the Diocese of Davenport acknowledges the complex process of grieving. When people first learn that a respected leader has been accused, there is often a reluctance to believe that the report could be true. This denial is a reflection of our American belief that an accused person is innocent until proven guilty. However, the same denial also can create a burden on those who, often after a long struggle, have found the ability to bring forth important information. Denial is usually followed by the other well-known steps in grieving a loss, including depression and significant anger against the accused, the accuser(s), the Diocese and the whole Catholic Church. Only after time passes and the appropriate steps are taken can the Church truly move on in the accomplishment of its mission.

Second, the Diocese of Davenport also acknowledges that one of the most important elements in healing is that the parish receives information about what happened. Information helps dispel the atmosphere of distrust that is fed by rumor, by the sudden departure of a "minister" assigned to or employed by the parish, and the feeling that a "cover-up" is being imposed. Information also assists other victims to come forward, if there are any, and assures that the appropriate steps are taken so that the Church can truly move ahead.

While committed to disclosure where possible, it is acknowledged that significant limitations on communication may exist. These limitations can include the concern of victims and their families for privacy as well as the need to protect the rights of the accused, especially when lawsuits or criminal action may be threatened. The fact that investigations often yield confusing, contradictory or unsubstantiated conclusions, especially in their early stages, further limits disclosure.

Third and finally, the Diocese of Davenport acknowledges that healing is a multidisciplinary challenge. Experience has taught us that neither Diocesan officials nor a pastor alone can respond to all the concerns and problems that arise in the aftermath of an incident or accusation of sexual misconduct in a parish setting. As a result, we may involve others such as teachers, therapists, lawyers and communication experts in a team approach to specific parishes. The Review Board may provide some of this expertise.

1.0 Communications to the People of the Diocese

Within the confines of respect for the privacy and the reputation of the individuals involved, the Diocese will deal as openly as possible with members of the community. This is especially so with regard to assisting and supporting parish communities directly affected by ministerial misconduct involving minors. Matters under litigation, unsubstantiated allegations, and information that an adult victim has asked the Diocese to keep private, are examples of circumstances necessitating confidentiality. Information that is received by the Diocese that indicates a case of sexual abuse that involves a minor or a dependent adult will be referred to the local authorities, pursuant to Iowa law.

2.0 Communication of Policies with the People of the Diocese

The Diocese will promulgate its relevant policies to all members of the community through dissemination to its parishes, the diocesan newspaper, *The Catholic Messenger*, and through the diocesan web-site, <u>www.davenportdiocese.org</u>. References will also be available there.

3.0 Response in the Current Ministry of the Accused

When a report of ministry-related sexual misconduct is received, Diocesan officials follow the policies regarding whether the accused can remain in his or her current position or assignment while the investigation progresses. If the accused remains, restrictions may or may not be imposed on his or her "ministry." Whether the accused remains or leaves, there are issues of communication to be faced.

3.1 When the Accused is Removed

Credible accusations may result in the removal of the accused from ministry. These steps follow:

- (a) If the accused is the pastor, the Bishop will appoint a temporary administrator in his place. (The administrator is informed of the accusation and of the follow-up steps.) If the accused is someone other than the pastor, it is the pastor who will decide if someone needs to be appointed to act in the accused person's capacity on a temporary basis. In non-parish entities, the administrator will consult with the Bishop.
- (b) Key parish or other personnel will be informed as soon as possible. Depending on the organization of the particular entity, they may include the lay trustees, the professional staff and the president of the parish council.
- (c) The pastor or administrator, after consulting with the Diocesan staff and with the parish leadership, will announce the absence of the accused. This announcement can happen in several ways, including pulpit announcements, bulletin notices or a mailing. Because the early stages of an investigation can be complex, the first

announcement sometimes will include little information and may indicate only a temporary absence. It also includes, however, an indication that more information will be provided, as it becomes available.

- (d) The investigation of the matter will proceed as quickly as possible and follow the applicable Diocesan policy. The investigation will first attempt to determine the reliability of the accusation and its implication for the ministry of the accused. As soon as possible, a more comprehensive report about the reason for the absence of the accused will be given. This will include the resignation, vindication of the accused or of any other result. Along with this announcement, there may be a parish/staff meeting within the following few days.
- (e) The meeting is a key step in the process of healing. It allows for a more complete discussion of the complaint, its investigation and its implications for the entity. The meeting should include the participation of some or all of the following: a Diocesan official (the Bishop or his designee), pastor or temporary administrator, Review Board member, a facilitator, a therapist, an attorney and a communication expert. Because it is a pastoral gathering, non-members of the parish or other entity are generally excluded.
- (f) Following this meeting, a team will be formed to assess the immediate results of the meeting and other issues of healing that may arise in the parish. The team includes the pastor or temporary administrator, some or all of the professional staff, the trustees and the parish council or board president. An outside expert may meet with the team. The team sets its own mode of operating. It should meet with the Bishop or his designee at least quarterly for the first year following the parish meeting. The Review Board may help comprise this team.
- (g) In consultation with the Bishop or his designee, the team arranges for whatever healing measures are needed in the parish. These may include further general meetings, a small group process of reflection, a reconciliation service and a request for communication from the accused.

3.2 When the Accused Remains in Assignment

- (a) Key personnel (as above) are informed of the accusation, of the process of investigation and of the restrictions that are in place. They are asked to report inappropriate behavior or violations of ministerial restrictions to a designated person.
- (b) The investigation will progress as outlined in the applicable policy. Respect for the confidential nature of any investigation will be honored to the extent possible.

3.3 Response in Former Assignments of the Accused

Two reasons may cause the Diocese to inform members of former parishes or other entities of a "minister" that he or she has been accused of sexual misconduct. The first and more pressing reason is so persons who may have been victims of misconduct in those other settings will know that they may come forward for assistance. The second is to encourage healing of the hurt and betrayal that can result from knowledge of the accusations. Diocesan officials will assess the applicability of each of these reasons to each former parish or entity. Generally speaking, the current pastor or administrator will be consulted in making this determination. If disclosure is called for, then the following steps will be taken:

- (a) Key personnel will be informed of the accusation, the follow-up steps that are planned, and the potential impact of the news on their own parish or other entity. They will work with a Diocesan official to plan together for the best way to inform the people at large, or at least subgroups that may be affected by the news.
- (b) The pastor or administrator, after consulting with Diocesan officials and the parish leadership, will announce the accusation against their former "minister." The announcement of disclosure also indicates that some process for immediate follow-up has been put in place. This is generally a meeting of the parish or other group impacted, but other options may be used.
- (c) Key personnel will form a team to assess the ongoing impact of the disclosure in the parish/entity. The team should meet at least once with the Bishop or his designee about three to six weeks after the initial disclosure. More meetings can be scheduled if needed.

3.4 Concern for the People of the Diocese

A primary concern of the Diocese of Davenport is the pastoral care of all people who are affected by sexual misconduct and ways to prevent others from being victimized. The Diocese will continue to promote the work of the Diocesan Victim Assistance Coordinator, the Safe Environment Program and other resources available to victims through notices in the diocesan newspaper, the diocesan website and electronic mail.

3.5 Spokesperson for the Diocese

The spokesperson for the Diocese on matters concerning sexual abuse and misconduct is the Associate Director of Communication.

3.6 Media Interviews

All communication from the Diocese to the public through the media will be approved by the Chancellor or Associate Director of Communication in consultation with the Bishop. Diocesan responses to inquiries from the media will be as responsive as possible. Requests from the media for interviews on these issues shall be made through the Diocesan Spokesperson who for these matters will be the

Associate Director of Communication. No interviews will be given without scheduled appointments.

3.7 Diocesan Relationship to the Media

It is relevant to the Diocese's overall relationship with the media to develop contacts with the media at all levels. If a member of the media does not comply with his or her own standards of professional conduct at any level, this should be pointed out by contacting the media with supporting evidence.

Parish / Entity	V	olunteer 🛘	Employee □	Clergy 🗆
VII. ACKNOWLEDGE	MENT AND CONSENT FO	RM		
Diocese of Davenport, have re accordance with them. Those Pappropriate, for some serving a protecting youth and other vuln- report, to be conducted if deemed in this report, such as civil and c realize this inquiry may include check and motor vehicle report.	rived a copy of the Policies Relating and the Policies, understand their olicies call for background checks (as employees or regular volunteers, erable populations, I hereby consert appropriate by the Diocese or entitiving records and driving records information regarding my character I release the Diocese of Davenport, iability associated with obtaining the	meaning, and investigative Realizing, and authors noted belows well as programmers any parish, and parish, any parish, and any parish, any	ed agree to con- e consumer repo- as Church, the orize an investig- ow. Public recor- ersonal interview outation, a crimi-	duct myself in rts), as deemed importance of ative consumer ds may be used vs, as needed. I hal background
Credit Reporting Act. I may rece	d for employment/volunteer selection ive a free copy of this report. Before report and notice of my rights under	e any advers		
	tecting children and other vulnerable below. I understand that past violate sought.			
1. Have you had any conviction	☐ Yes	□ No		
2. Did you ever enter into an agreemployment?	reement with any past employer not	to divulge th	e true reason for No	termination of
3. Have you ever been subject to	☐ Yes	□ No		
4. Please provide your addresses	s for the past 10 years, including the	counties.		
5. Please list any aliases.				
6. Please provide two (2) referen	nces and phone numbers.			
Date of birth	Gender □ male □ female	Full	Legal Name (pr	inted)
Driver's License # Social Security Number		Signature		
		Date		
This form will be amended as nee required.	eded to allow for appropriate background	ound checks	or an additional	form may be
Office Use Only				
Background Check Completed Date	Background Check Not Required	I□ Sign	ature	

VIII. DRIVER INFORMATION SHEET

DIOCESE OF DAVENPORT

DRIVER	
Name:	Date of Birth:
Address:	
	Phone #:
Driver's License #:	
VEHICLE THAT WILL BE USED	
Name of Owner:	Model of Vehicle:
Address of Owner:	Make of Vehicle:
	Year of Vehicle:
License Plate #:	Date of Expiration:
Insurance Company:	
	le liability limit for privately owned vehicles is
<u>CERTIFICATION</u>	
mat as a volumeer driver, I must be 21	this form is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I understand years of age or older, possess a valid driver's license, have the properation, and have the required insurance coverage in effect on any of the event.
Signature:	Date:
*Please include a copy of your insurance	

IX. INTERNET SAFETY POLICY AGREEMENT

A copy of this signed agreement should be kept by the local computer system administrator.

Diocese of Davenport Internet Safety Policy Agreement

I understand and will abide by the above Internet Safety Policy. I further understand that any violation of the policy is unethical and may constitute a criminal offense that may result in the revocation of privileges, disciplinary action and/or legal action.

User's Full Name:
Signature:Date:/
If the user is under age 18, a parent or guardian must also sign below:
Parent or Guardian: I understand the Internet Safety Policy and hereby give permission to issue an account for my child and certify that the information given on this form is correct.
Name:
Signature: Date:/

NOTES

Irene Prior Loftus, the Victim Assistance Coordinator and Chancellor, may be reached by:

- > calling the Diocese of Davenport Pastoral Center (563) 324-1911, or
- writing to the Victim Assistance Coordinator, 2706 N. Gaines St., Davenport, Iowa 52804-1998, or
- > e-mailing: <u>vac@davenportdiocese.org.</u>

Other Resources Available:

- Restoring Trust: Response to Clergy Sexual Abuse -United States Conference of Catholic Bishops www.usccb.org/comm/restoretrust.htm
- The Charter For The Protection Of Children And Young People www.usccb.org/bishops/charter.htm
- The Essential Norms For Diocesan/Eparchial Policies Dealing With Allegations Of Sexual Abuse Of Minors By Priests Or Deacons www.usccb.org/bishops/norms.htm
- * The Diocese of Davenport website: www.davenportdiocese.org

Copies of this policy may be made from this booklet or by downloading from the Diocese of Davenport website: www.davenportdiocese.org