33. Question:

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- Q Okay. Do you know if any official of the
 - 16 Archdiocese of L.A. or Tehuacan ordered Nicolas Aguilar
 - 17 Rivera to stay in L.A. so that a full investigation
 - 18 could be done by the police and the L.A. Archdiocese?

Response/Objection:

- MR. WOODS: Okay. Object to the question as
- 12:41:54 20 beyond the scope of jurisdiction over the defendants and
 - 21 instruct him not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and

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1	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
2	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
3	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
4	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
5	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
6	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
7	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
8	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
9	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
10	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
11	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
12	and complete inquiry can be made.
13	34. Question:
14	Q Did the Archdiocese ever do any any kind
15	24 of full investigation canonically, as you referred?
16	Response/Objection:

12:42:15 25 MR. WOODS: Object. Beyond the scope of the

12:42:16 1 jurisdictional issues and instruct the witness not to

2 answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly

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1	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
2	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
3	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
4	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rívera. The Los
5	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
6	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
7	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
8 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in	
9	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
10	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
11	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
12	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
13	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
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17	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
18	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
19	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
20	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
21	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
22	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
23	and complete inquiry can be made.
24	35. Question:
25	Q Do you know if they did or you don't do
26	12 you have any knowledge of whether or not they did, or do

A I have no knowledge.

13 you believe they did no investigation?

1	12:42:51 15 Q Okay. Did you ever ask?
2	16 A No.
3	17 Q Why not?
4	Response/Objection:
5	18 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the form of
6	19 the question and to the question as beyond the scope of
7	12:43:03 20 the jurisdictional issues. The contacts, what he did
8	21 ask for or what he did say, relevant. What he could
9	22 have done or might have done or should have done,
10	23 irrelevant.
11	24 MR. ANDERSON: Instruct not to answer?
12	12:43:21 25 MR. WOODS: Instruct him not to answer.
13	Reason answer should be compelled:
14	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
15	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
16	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
17	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
18	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
19	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
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21	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
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23	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
24	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
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27	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
28	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,

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2	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas		
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13	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring		
14	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise		
15	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full		
16	and complete inquiry can be made.		
17	36. Question:		
18	Q In this letter, Exhibit 30, he states, "I		
19	3 spoke to Father Aguilar Rivera on Saturday,		
20	4 January 9th." The police records do you know whether		
21	12:43:57 5 a police report was made?		
22	Response/Objection:		
23	6 MR. WOODS: I'm going to hold on. I'm going		
24	7 to object to the question as beyond the scope of the		
25	8 jurisdictional issues and instruct the witness not to		
26	9 answer.		
27	Reason answer should be compelled:		

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to

1	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
2	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
3	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
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16	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
17	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
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19	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
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27	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
28	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise

jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

37. Question:

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- Q Are you aware, Cardinal, that Monsignor Curry
 - 12 went to Nicolas Aguilar and told him he was under
 - 13 investigation before the police received the report and
 - 14 could investigate?

Response/Objection:

- 12:44:26 15 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the
 - 16 scope of the jurisdictional issues and instruct the
 - 17 witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the

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10	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
11	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
12	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
13	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
14	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
15	and complete inquiry can be made.
16	38. Question:
17	Q Are you do you have any knowledge that
18	12:44:38 20 Monsignor Curry went and alerted Mon went and
19	21 alerted Nicolas Aguilar to the fact that a police
20	22 investigation was under way?
21	Response/Objection:
22	23 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the
23	24 scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not to
24	12:44:59 25 answer.
₂ 25	Reason answer should be compelled:

the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made

in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to

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jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full

and complete inquiry can be made.

39. Question:

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- Q Are there provisions in the Canon law
- 3 protocols under which you operate as a bishop that
- 4 requires you and others to keep matters that are

12:45:17 5 scandalous secret?

Response/Objection:

- 6 MR. WOODS: I object to the question as beyond
- 7 the scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not
- 8 to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony

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ons blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
elevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
iction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
omplete inquiry can be made.
Question:
s there a requirement of secrecy involving
11 matters of scandal, such as sexual abuse, that would
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- 12 also apply to Norberto Rivera as then a bishop and now a
 - 13 cardinal?

Response/Objection:

MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The

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41. Question:

- Q Is it correct to say that when you are
 - 17 installed as a cardinal, that you take -- are made to
 - 18 take an oath of secrecy to the Vatican or the Holy See?

Response/Objection:

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MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto

Response/Objection:

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- 4 MR. WOODS: I object to the form. I object to
- 13 12:46:34 5 the question as beyond the scope of the jurisdictional
 - 6 issues and instruct the witness not to answer

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,

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17 18	and complete inquiry can be made.
	, -
18	and complete inquiry can be made.
18 19	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question:
18 19 20	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question: Q And if this is the oath, in the middle of it,
18 19 20 21	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question: Q And if this is the oath, in the middle of it, 9 I'll direct your attention to the provision that says "I
18 19 20 21 22	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question: Q And if this is the oath, in the middle of it, 9 I'll direct your attention to the provision that says "I 12:46:51 10 am not to reveal to anyone what is confided to me in
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question: Q And if this is the oath, in the middle of it, 9 I'll direct your attention to the provision that says "I 12:46:51 10 am not to reveal to anyone what is confided to me in 11 secret nor divulge what may bring harm or dishonor to
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question: Q And if this is the oath, in the middle of it, 9 I'll direct your attention to the provision that says "I 12:46:51 10 am not to reveal to anyone what is confided to me in 11 secret nor divulge what may bring harm or dishonor to 12 the Holy Church."
18 19 20 21 22 23	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question: Q And if this is the oath, in the middle of it, 9 I'll direct your attention to the provision that says "I 12:46:51 10 am not to reveal to anyone what is confided to me in 11 secret nor divulge what may bring harm or dishonor to 12 the Holy Church." 13 Is it correct to say, Cardinal, that a sexual

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18 witness not to answer.

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	8	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
	9	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
	10	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
	11	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
	12	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
	13	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
	14	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
	15	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
	16	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
	17	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
	18	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
	19	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
	20	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
	21	and complete inquiry can be made.
	22	45. Question:
	23	Q Are you aware, Cardinal, that the police
	24	2 received enough information on January 8th and
4	25 \$\infty\$	3 immediately thereafter from more than one source enough
į	25 26 27	4 to have excuse me.
;	27	12:49:42 5 When do you when do you believe the police
	28	6 were were notified?
011/		130.

137011/

Response/Objection:

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- 7 MR. WOODS: Object to the --
- 8 MR. ANDERSON: of the information that
- 9 Monsignor Curry or other employees of the Archdiocese
- 12:49:55 10 had concerning this?
 - 11 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the
 - 12 scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not to
 - 13 answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and

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46. Question:

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Q What do you know about who reported it to the

16 police?

Response/Objection:

17 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father

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Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
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Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
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Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
and complete inquiry can be made.
47. Question:
Q Cardinal, when did Nicolas Aguilar leave the

12:52:12 15 Archdiocese of L.A.?

Response/Objection:

- MR. WOODS: I object to the question as beyond
- 17 the scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not
- 18 to answer.

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Reason answer should be compelled:

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Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The

questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

48. Question:

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Q When did Nicolas Aguilar return to Mexico?

Response/Objection:

- 21 MR. WOODS: Same obstruction, same answer.
- 22 Same -- same objection, same instruction. Why don't you
- 23 ask him if he knows when he left.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas

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10	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
11	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
12	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
13	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
14	and complete inquiry can be made.
15	49. Question:
16	Q Who facilitated or aided him in his return
17	12:52:35 1 from L.A. to Mexico?
18	Response/Objection:
19	2 MR. WOODS: I object to the question as beyond
20	3 the scope of the jurisdictional issues and instruct the
21	4 witness not to answer.

- 12:52:45 5 MR. HABEL: It's argumentative.
 - 6 MR. SELSBERG: And it assumes facts not in
 - 7 evidence.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably

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