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ļ	David E. Drivon, SBN 158369	·	
2	Robert T. Waters, SBN 196833 THE DRIVON LAW FIRM		
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8	Martin D. Gross, SBN 147426	S. SUPERIO	
9	LAW OFFICES OF MARTIN D. GROSS	Sca 25 OR COURT	
10	2001 Wilshire Boulevard, Ste. 205 Santa Monica, CA 90403	24 7900 -007	
11	Telephone: (310) 453-8320	JOHN A BLAND	
11	Joseph W. Carcione, Jr., SBN 56693	BYRUE	
12	Gary W. Dolinski, SBN 107725 CARCIONE, CATTERMOLE, et. al.	BY RUBENA LOPES DERIN	
13	601 Brewster Avenue	TO BEBUTY	
14	P. O. Box 3389 Redwood City, CA 94064-3389	•	
	Telephone: (650) 367-6811		
15	Attorneys for Plaintiff		
16			
17	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE ST	TATE OF CALIFORNIA	
18	LOS ANGELES COUNTY, C	ENTRAL DISTRICT	
19			
20	JOAQUIN AGUILAR MENDEZ,	CASE NO. BC358718	
21	Plaintiff,	NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION	
22	v.	FOR ORDER COMPELLING ANSWERS TO DEPOSITION	
23		QUESTIONS AND PRODUCTION	
	CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY, et al.,	OF DOCUMENTS	
24	Defendants.	DATE: 11/2 107 TIME: 8:30 A.MS R.S. C.	
25	/	Defi.	
926			
第27	TO ALL PARTIES HEREIN AND THEIR A	ATTORNEYS OF RECORD: ATTORNEYS OF RECORD: At 8:30 Am in Department 42 of this	
728	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on 11/2 107 at 8:30 Am in Department 42 of this		
728	TEENSE TAKE NOTICE that on /// /	o (at in Department (\ or the	

137011 /

1.
NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR ORDER COMPELLING ANSWERS TO DEPOSITION QUESTIONS AND PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

Court located at 111 North Hill Street, Room 109, Los Angeles, CA 90012, plaintiff JOAQUIN AGUILAR MENDEZ will move the Court for an order compelling depondents 3 Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry to answer certain questions propounded at each respective deposition that the deponent refused to answer on advice of counsel (as shown 5 in the Statement of Questions filed with this motion), and to produce that they each were 6 required to produce pursuant to the notices of deposition. 7 This motion will be and is made on the ground that the questions asked were relevant 8 to the subject matter of the action and deponents' respective refusals to answer and produce such documents was without substantial justification. The motion will be based upon this 10 notice, the attached memorandum of points and authorities, the declaration hereto, the records 11 and filed in this action, and a certified copy of the relevant portions of the deposition 12 proceedings attached herewith. 13 Dated: September , 2007 14 THE DRIVON LAW FIRM 15 16 ROBERT T. WATERS 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

PROOF OF SERVICE

I declare that:

I am employed in the County of San Joaquin, State of California. I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and not a party to the within cause of action; my business address is 215 North San Joaquin Street, Stockton, California 95202.

On September 19, 2007, I served the within:

NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR ORDER COMPELLING ANSWERS TO DEPOSITION QUESTIONS AND PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

on all interested parties in said action, addressed as follows:

INTERESTED PARTY	MAIL	HAND DELIVERY	E- MAIL	FAX
Michael L. Cypers Evan M. Wooten Elena G. Griffin MAYER BROWN LLP 350 S. Grand Avenue, 25th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071-1503 Fax: (213) 625-0248 Email: mcypers@mayerbrown.com ewooten@mayerbrown.com egriffin@mayerbrown.com			XX	
Don Woods James Habel HENNIGAN, BENNETT & DORMAN LLP 865 South Figueroa Street, Suite 2900 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Fax: (213) 694-1234 Email: woodsd@hbdlawyers.com habelj@hbdlawyers.com			XX	
Steven R. Selsberg (Pro Hac Vice) MAYER, BROWN, ROWE & LAW, LLP 700 Louisiana Street, Suite 3400 Houston, TX 77002-2730 Fax: (713) 238-4888 Email: srselsberg@mayerbrown.com			XX	
Jeffrey Anderson Michael G. Finnegan Jeff Anderson & Associates E-1000 First National Bank Bldg. 332 Minnesota Street St. Paul, MN 55101 Fax: (651) 297-6543 Email: Jeff@andersonadvocates.com Mike@andersonadvocates.com Therese@andersonadvocates.com			XX	

Martin D. Gross	ļ	XX
Law Offices of Martin D. Gross	[- -
2001 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 300 Santa Monica, CA 90403	l	
Fax: (310) 861-1359	1	
Email: martin@lawgross.com	· [
Gary Dolinski		XX
Joseph W. Carcione, Jr.	· ·	} }
CARCIONE, CATTERMOLE, et al.		1
601 Brewster Avenue P.O. Box 3389	1	
Redwood City, CA 94064		
Fax: (650) 367-0367		
Email: <u>Gdolinski@carcionelaw.com</u>	į į	-
		_ <u></u>

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I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on the above date at Stockton, California.

JANIE R. FRANK

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15	Attorneys for Plaintiff	·
16	records to Fiantiff	
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18	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
19	LOS ANGELES COUNTY	, CENTRAL DISTRICT
20		
21	JOAQUIN AGUILAR MENDEZ,	CASE NO. BC358718
22	Plaintiff,	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF
23	v.	MOTION FOR ORDER COMPELLING
24	CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY, et al.,	ANSWERS TO DEPOSITION QUESTIONS AND PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS
25	Defendants.	DATE: \\\\2 \07
2 6	- VAVARDARIO	TIME: 8:30 A.M.
26 27		DEPT: 42
9	Plaintiff JOAQUIN AGUILAR MENDE	Z herein submits his memorandum of points

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR ORDER COMPELLING ANSWERS TO DEPOSITION QUESTIONS AND PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

and authorities in support of his motion to compel answers to deposition questions of party

I. BRIEF FACTUAL OVERVIEW:

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This matter involves the childhood sexual clergy abuse. Defendant NICHOLAS AGUILAR, molested numerous children after becoming ordained in Mexico in 1970. In 1987, AGUILAR was sent to California where additional molestations were perpetrated in the Diocese of Los Angeles under church leader CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY. Plaintiff alleges, among other things, that CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY, knew of the previous sexual abuse of children in Mexico and despite such knowledge assigned and appointed AGUILAR to priestly positions in the Los Angeles Diocese. After such molestations occurred therein, CARDINAL MAHONY aided AGUILAR and assisted and facilitated his ability to flee the United States to Mexico. Deponent Msgr. Thomas Curry was, at the time, the Vicar for Clergy for the Archdiocese of Los Angeles (he is now a Bishop). The defendants in this lawsuit are CARDINAL MAHONY; THE ROMAN CATHOLIC ARCHBISHOP OF LOS ANGELES; CARDINAL NORBERTO RIVERA and THE DIOCESE OF TEHUACAN (the "MEXICAN" defendants); and AGUILAR.

I. FACTS RELATING TO THIS MOTION:

The deposition of CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY and Bishop Thomas Curry took place in Los Angeles on September 13, 2007. By order of the Court, the Court granted the depositions be limited to inquiries of each witness relevant to personal jurisdiction by the State of California over CARDINAL RIVERA and the DIOCESE OF TEHUACAN (the "MEXICAN" defendants – a Mexican citizen and MEXICAN corporation, respectively). Both deponents were instructed by counsel to "not" answer many questions (see Statement of Questions in dispute) on the basis of relevancy. In all, counsel advised deponent CARDINAL MAHONY to not answer appx. 91 times; Bishop Curry 32 times.

Additionally, plaintiff's (amended) notice of taking deposition contained 14 requests each for the production of various documents at deposition. See Exhibits "A" and "B" hereto. Deponents failed to produce ALL documents, rather Deponents only produced the documents

from the priest personnel file which they believed were relevant.

II. LAW & ARGUMENT:

California Code of Civil Procedure §2025.480 provides that if a deponent fails to answer any question or to produce any document under the deponents's control that is specified in the deposition notice, the party seeking discovery may move the court for an order compelling that answer or production.

California Code of Civil Procedure §2025.450 provides that if a deponent fails to produce for inspection any document described in the deposition notice, the party giving the notice may move for an order compelling the deponent's attendance and testimony and for the production for inspection of the document described in the deposition notice.

Each instruction to both deponents by their counsel to not answer was on the basis of relevancy. Relevancy is, for the most part, is an inappropriate objection at deposition. Such as is stated in Los Angeles Superior Court, Rule 7.12 (e)(9): Counsel should not direct a deponent to refuse to answer questions unless they seek privileged information or are "manifestly irrelevant" or "calculated to harass". The questioning by plaintiffs' counsel was not "manifestly irrelevant" – conversely, it was well within the parameter of the Court's order pertaining to allowable questioning inquiring into the personal jurisdiction of the MEXICAN defendants.

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father

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III. CONCLUSION:

Plaintiff herein requests that the Court order the deponents to continuing depositions wherein they are compelled to answer the questions posed to them, and additionally to produce all documents responding to plaintiff's notice of taking depositions.

Dated: September _, 2007

THE DRIVON LAW FIRM

ROBERT T. WATERS Attorney for Plaintiff

6

5.

PROOF OF SERVICE

I declare that:

I am employed in the County of San Joaquin, State of California. I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and not a party to the within cause of action; my business address is 215 North San Joaquin Street, Stockton, California 95202.

On September 19, 2007, I served the within:

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on all interested parties in said action, addressed as follows:

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1 2 3 4 5	Jeffrey Anderson Michael G. Finnegan Jeff Anderson & Associates E-1000 First National Bank Bldg. 332 Minnesota Street St. Paul, MN 55101 Fax: (651) 297-6543 Email: Jeff@andersonadvocates.com Mike@andersonadvocates.com Therese@andersonadvocates.com	XX	
7 8 9	Martin D. Gross Law Offices of Martin D. Gross 2001 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 300 Santa Monica, CA 90403 Fax: (310) 861-1359 Email: martin@lawgross.com	XX	
1 12 13	Gary Dolinski Joseph W. Carcione, Jr. CARCIONE, CATTERMOLE, et al. 601 Brewster Avenue P.O. Box 3389 Redwood City, CA 94064 Fax: (650) 367-0367 Email: Gdolinski@carcionelaw.com	XX	
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		CARCIONE, CATTERMOLE, et. al. 601 Brewster Avenue			
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	15	Telephone: (650) 367-6811			
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	17	SUPERIOR COURT OF T	HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
	18	LOS ANGELES COUN	TY, CENTRAL DISTRICT		
	19				
	20	JOAQUIN AGUILAR MENDEZ,	CASE NO. BC358718		
	21	Plaintiff,	SEPARATE STATEMENT OF		
	22	v.	DISPUTED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS		
	23	CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY, et	DATE: 11/2 107		
	24	al.,	TIME: 8:30 A.M DEPT: 42		
47) /	25	Defendants.			
9/15/0	26	The following is the separate statement of questions and answers and document			
9	27	requests submitted with plaintiff's JOAQUIN AGUILAR MENDEZ'S motion to compel			
•	28				
,			1.		
	;	SEPARATE STATEMENT OF D	ISPUTED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS		

Additionally, for the convenience of the Court, attached hereto is a copy of the index of 2 each deponent's "Instructions Not To Answer" prepared by the Court Reporter. Such index follows the deposition questions and production requests. /// /// /// /// 11/// ****/// 20 1//

SEPARATE STATEMENT OF DISPUTED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

137011/

7	<u>INDEX</u>	
2		
3		Page
4	QUESTIONS/RESPONSES OF BISHOP THOMAS CURRY	4
5	QUESTIONS/RESPONSES OF CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY	54
6	DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED (regarding both deponents)	201
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8	ANSWER (regarding both deponents)	
9		
10		
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THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS ARE TAKEN FROM THE
DEPOSITION OF BISHOP THOMAS CURRY:
··· ·

Question

- 10 Q And this appears to be a letter in response
- 11 to the letter we just reviewed, number 24, authored by
- 12 Nicolas Aguilar Rivera to Norberto Rivera, correct?

Response/Objection:

- MR. WOODS: I'm going to object that it calls for
- 14 speculation. He didn't write either of the letters. He
- 04:24:39 15 didn't get either of the letters. So it's pure
 - 16 speculation as to whether it's a response to that letter
 - 17 or not. I'll instruct him not to answer.
 - 18 BY MR. WATERS:
 - 19 Q And you're going to follow that instruction?

04:24:57 20 A Yes.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,

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1	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
2	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
3	1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
4	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
5	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
6	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
7	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
8	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
9	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
10	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
11	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
12	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
13	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
14	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
15	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
16	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
17	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
18	and complete inquiry can be made.
19	2. Question:
20	7 Q You'd agree with me, Bishop, that this letter
	1

- 8 puts forth some pretty serious accusations regarding
 - 9 Nicolas Aguilar Rivera's fitness to serve as a priest
- 04:26:46 10 for the Catholic church, correct? 23

Response/Objection:

- MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question 11
- 12 as irrelevant to the jurisdictional issues involved.
- 13 It's calling for speculation and opinion, not relevant
- 14 to this proceeding, and instruct the witness not to

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04:27:05 15 answer.

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16 BY MR. WATERS:

- 17 Q Are you going to follow that instruction?
- 18 A Yes.

Reason answer should be compelled:

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Response/Objection:

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- 7 MR. WOODS: Okay. Object.
- 8 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation.
- MR. WOODS: Calls for speculation, beyond the
- 04:27:50 10 subject matter of this deposition, and I will instruct
- 19 11 the witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information, Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly

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into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
and complete inquiry can be made.

24 4. Question:

25 26 27

- 13 Q Had you received this March 23rd, 1987
 - 14 letter, number 26, would you have questioned --
- 04:28:07 15 questioned Nicolas Aguilar Rivera regarding its
 - 16 contents?

Response/Objection:

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- 17 MR. WOODS: Calls for speculation, it's a
- 18 hypothetical, not relevant to the jurisdictional issues,
- 19 and I instruct him not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

5. Question:

Q Would you have investigated into the

- 22 accusations put forth in the March 23rd, 1987 letter had
- 23 you received it?

Response/Objection:

MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,

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8 answer.

Response/Objection:

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MR. WOODS: Calls for speculation and beyond the

scope of this deposition. I instruct him not to

9 BY MR. WATERS:

04:28:50 10 Q Are you going to follow that instruction?

11 A Yes.

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Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rívera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an

1	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto	
2	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father	
3	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The	
4	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring	
5	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise	١
6	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full	
7	and complete inquiry can be made.	
8	7. Question:	
9	24 Q Can you as you sit here today, can you	
10	04:43:18 25 recall what you did once you became aware of the	
11	4:43:21 1 allegations of misconduct?	
12	Response/Objection:	١
13	2 A Yes. Okay.	
14	3 MR. WOODS: I would object that the response of	
15	4 the Archdiocese to the allegations of misconduct other	
16	04:43:34 5 than communications to and from the Mexican defendants	
17	6 involved in this case are beyond the scope of the	
18	7 jurisdictional issues, and I would instruct the witness	
19	8 not to answer.	
20	9 And in order to make it a little simpler, if	
21	04:43:50 10 you could narrow your question, I'll let him answer it,	
22	11 if you narrow it to what I'm not objecting to.	
23	12 BY MR. WATERS:	
24	13 Q Are you going to follow his instruction?	
25 ∰	14 A Yes.	
26 5	Reason answer should be compelled:	
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1	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
2	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
3	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
4	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
5	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
6	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
7	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
8	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
9	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
10	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los
11	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
12	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
13	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
14	1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
15	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
16	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
17	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
18	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
19	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
20	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
21	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
22	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
23	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
24	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
. 25	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
2 6	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
7 97	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
28	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full

1	and complete inquiry can be made.
2	8. Question:
3	15 Q After becoming aware of the allegations of
4	16 misconduct on that Friday in early January of '88, did
5	17 you immediately go speak to Roger Mahony regarding the
6	18 information that was presented to you?
7	Response/Objection:
8	19 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question
9.	04:44:16 20 as beyond the scope of the jurisdictional issues
10	21 involved and instruct the witness not to answer.
11	22 BY MR. WATERS:
12	Q You're going to follow that instruction?
13	24 A Yes.
14	04:44:25 25 MR. WOODS: I'll stipulate that he'll follow all
15	04:44:27 1 instructions not to answer.
16	2 MR. WATERS: Okay. Is that
17	3 MR. WOODS: You don't need to ask him.
18	4 THE WITNESS: Yes.
19	04:44:34 5 MR. WATERS: Okay. Thank you.
20	Reason answer should be compelled:
21	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
22	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
23	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
24	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
25	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
25 26 27	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
27	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
28	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly

duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

9. Question:

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- 16 Q The allegations of misconduct against Father
- 17 Nicolas Aguilar Rivera were not the first allegations of
- 18 misconduct that you have ever received on a priest in
- 19 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles, correct?

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Response/Objection:

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- 04:47:38 20 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question.
 - 21 It calls for information beyond the scope of the
 - 22 jurisdictional issues and instruct the witness not to
 - 23 answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting

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2	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
3	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
4	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
5	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
6	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
7	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
8	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
9	and complete inquiry can be made.
10	10. Question:
11	1 Q What was what did you say to Father
12	2 Nicolas Aguilar Rivera during this meeting?
13	Response/Objection:
14	3 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question
15	4 unless it's more narrowly circumscribed in that it goes
16	04:49:24 5 way beyond issues of jurisdiction and instruct him not
17	6 to answer that question as phrased.
18	7 I invite you to narrow it to issues relating
19	8 to contacts with his superior or other officials in
20	9 Mexico or something that is a jurisdictional issue.
21	Reason answer should be compelled:
22	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
23	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
24	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
25	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
26	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
27	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
28	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The

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11. Question:

- Q What did Father Nicolas Aguilar Rivera tell
- 12 you during this meeting?

Response/Objection:

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Reason answer should be compelled:

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2	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
3	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
4	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
5	and complete inquiry can be made.
6	12. Question:
7	Q After the meeting with Father Nicolas Aguilar
8	04:50:24 25 Rivera, did you discuss the subject matter with Cardinal
9	04:50:34 1 Mahony?
10	Response/Objection:
11	2 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question
12	3 as beyond the scope of the jurisdictional issues unless
13	4 it's more carefully crafted and instruct the witness not
14	04:50:43 5 to answer.
15	Reason answer should be compelled:
16	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
17	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
18	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
19	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
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21	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
22	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
23	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
24	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
25	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
26	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
27	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los

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4	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
5	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
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14	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
15	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
16	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
17	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
18	and complete inquiry can be made.
19	13. Question:
20	23 Q During your meeting with Nicolas Aguilar
21	24 Rivera, did he at any time inform you that he was
22	04:55:20 25 planning on leaving the United States?
23	Response/Objection:
24	04:55:27 1 MR. WOODS: Hold on. I'm going to object to that
25	2 question as beyond the scope of jurisdiction and

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3 instruct the witness not to answer should be compelled:

3 instruct the witness not to answer.

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to

the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made

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questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring

into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise

14. Question:

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- Q And the reason why you didn't think he was
- 04:58:50 25 fit to continue to serve here was why?

Response/Objection:

- 04:58:53 I MR. WOODS: Okay, I'm going to object to any
 - 2 further inquiry along this line as beyond the scope of
 - 3 jurisdiction and instruct the witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony

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2	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
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9	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
10	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
11	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
12	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
13	and complete inquiry can be made.
14	15. Question:
15	Q Between January or when did you first
16	6 become – come to the conclusion, in your mind, that

- 6 become come to the conclusion, in your mind, that
- 7 Father Nicolas Aguilar Rivera was not fit to serve
- 8 within the Archdiocese of Los Angeles?

Response/Objection:

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MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

21 Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 26 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The

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16. Question:

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Q Between January 8, 1988, and January 11th,

and complete inquiry can be made.

- 12 1988, Friday to Monday, did you tell anybody besides
- 13 Father Nicolas Aguilar Rivera that you felt that he was

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14	unfit to	serve in	the A	Archdiocese	of Los	Angeles?
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Response/Objection:

04:59:46 15 MR. WOODS: Object to the scope of the question

- 16 as beyond the scope of jurisdiction except to the extent
- 17 it might include communications with Aguilar Rivera's
- 18 Ordinary or other officials in Mexico. And if you were
- 19 to limit it to that, I would let him answer. But
- 05:00:06 20 otherwise, I'm going to instruct him not to answer.
 - 21 MR. WATERS: Okay. So you instruct not to answer
 - 22 that question?
 - 23 THE WITNESS: Correct.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to he subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made n that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew t and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the

1	Diocese of Tenuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Manony and Bishop Thomas
2	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
3	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
4	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
5	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
6	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
7	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
8	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
9	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
10	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
11	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
12	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
13	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
14	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
15	and complete inquiry can be made.
16	17. Question:
17	Q At the time that you wrote this letter, had
18	13 you or anybody affiliated with the Archdiocese reported
19	14 the accusations to the authorities?
20	Response/Objection:
21	05:02:12 15 MR. WOODS: Okay. I'm going to object to the
22	16 question as beyond the scope of this deposition and
23	17 instruct the witness not to answer.
24	Reason answer should be compelled:
25	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
26	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
27	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably

28 calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section

Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
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jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
and complete inquiry can be made.

27 8. Question:

28 Q After you learned that this was -- when

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10:30:43 1 Monsignor Curry brought this information to you as vicar

- 2 for clergy, did you direct him to take action responsive
- 3 to the situation involving Nicolas Aguilar Rivera?
- MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the form of
- 10:31:00 5 the question as beyond the scope of this deposition and
 - 6 instruct the witness not to answer.
 - MR. ANDERSON: Relevancy?
 - MR. WOODS: Yes.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony

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1	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
2	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
3	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
4	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
5	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
6	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
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14	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
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16	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
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20	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
21	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
22	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
23	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
24	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
3 25	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
226	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
<u></u>	and complete inquiry can be made.
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28 18. Question: 05:02:28 20 January 9th 1988, precede you or the Archdiocese

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21 notifying the authorities of these accusations?

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Response/Objection:

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22 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

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Reason answer should be compelled:

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Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to

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were signs that Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera intended to flee the jurisdiction prior to a full

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1	investigation could be made. If such signs were present then it is contended that the
2	Archdiocese of Los Angeles did or should have contacted Father Nicholas Aguliar Rivera's
3	Bishop, Bishop Noberto Rivera. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern
4	priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera.
5	It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas
6	Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions
7	blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into
8	relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction
9	over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete
10	inquiry can be made.
11	19. Question:
12	Q During your meeting of January 9th, 1988, did
13	18 you inform Father Nicolas Aguilar Rivera that he needs
14	19 to remain in the jurisdiction of the Archdiocese of
15	05:03:55 20 Los Angeles so this full investigation can take place?

- Response/Objection:
 - 21 MR. WOODS: Object to the scope of the question
- 22 as beyond the scope of jurisdiction and instruct the
- 19 23 witness not to answer.

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20 Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly

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relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction
over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete
inquiry can be made.

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Question:

- Q If Aguilar Rivera had told you during the
 - 22 January 9th, 1988, meeting that he was planning on
 - 23 returning to Mexico at the first of the week 1-11, would

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24 you have advised him to stay within the jurisdiction of 05:07:08 25 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles so a full investigation 05:07:11 1 could take place?

Response/Objection:

- 2 MR. WOODS: Object.
- 3 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation.
- 4 MR. WOODS: Same objection. Plus, it's beyond
- 05:07:18 5 the scope of the jurisdictional issues, and I instruct
 - 6 the witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony

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2	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
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8	priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera.
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10	Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions
11	blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into
12	relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction
13	over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete
14	inquiry can be made.
15	21. Question:
16	Q Do you recall ever having any conversation
17	19 with Father McClean regarding these accusations?
	II .

05:08:08 20 MR. WOODS: Okay. I'm going to object. That's

- 21 beyond the scope of the jurisdictional issues and
- 21 22 instruct the witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Response/Objection:

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05:08:16 25 Sister Renee, the principal, regarding accusations of

I	05:08:22	1 childhood sexual abuse made against Father Nicolas
2	2	Aguilar Rivera?
3	Respons	e/Objection:
4	3	MR. WOODS: Same objection, and the same
5	4	instruction.
6	05:08:31	5 MR. WATERS: I'm just asking if he recalls having
7	6	a conversation.
8	7	MR. WOODS: Unless the conversation relates to
9	8	contacts by the Mexican nationals with California, it's
0	9	beyond the scope of this depo, in my opinion.
11	05:08:43	MR. WATERS: Well, we don't know until he answers
2	11	the question as to whether or not there were
3	12	conversations.
4	13	MR. WOODS: No, but this is a limited deposition
5	14	by court order. So you have to limit the question to
6	05:08:51	15 the scope that's permissible, and then he'll answer it.
7	16	MR. WATERS: I did. I asked if he had any
8	17	conversations with Sister Renee and asked if he had any
9	18	conversations with Father McClean, and you've blocked
20	19	the questions.
21	05:09:03	20 MR. WOODS: No, no. Ask him if he had any
22	21	conversations with Sister Renee about Cardinal Rivera
3	22	doing business in California or living in California or
4	23	coming to California frequently or
.5	24	MR. WATERS: I have to ask the
6	05:09:15	25 MR. WOODS: or about Mr. Mendez, your client,
7	05:09:18	1 being in California or being abused in California or
8	2	something to that effect. Then I'll let him answer it.

1	3 MR. WATERS: Don, I really think you're
2	4 obstructing the inquiry here. I mean I need to ask
3	05:09:29 5 these foundational questions in order to get to the next
4	6 questions, and it's improper for you to instruct on the
5	7 foundational question.
6	8 MR. WOODS: I appreciate your desire to do a good
7	9 job for your client and I appreciate that you want to
8	05:09:40 10 ask questions that go to the merits of the case, but
9	11 this isn't the place or the time for it.
10	12 MR. ANDERSON: The questions are about Nicolas
11	13 Aguilar Rivera being in California as an agent of
12	14 Norberto Rivera.
13	05:09:54 15 MR, WOODS: An agent?
14	16 MR. ANDERSON: the diocese.
15	17 MR. WOODS: Ask him if they had a conversation
16	18 about him being an agent of Cardinal Rivera, I'll let
17	19 him ask it.
18	05:10:05 20 MR. WATERS: Give me a break.
19	21 MR. ANDERSON: He is the one doing business in
20	22 California. The question goes to Nicolas Aguilar Rivera
21	23 and and his contacts with California.
22	24 MR, WATERS: I mean I think - we'll get the
23	05:10:21 25 judge involved. I understand why you're taking an
24	05:10:23 1 approach regarding the scope of this, but I really
25	2 think I'm not trying to get a broadbrush here. I'm
26	3 trying to ask the foundational questions to get more
27	4 information. I think that you're being too narrow, and
28	05:10:34 5 I think that we're going to have to get the judge

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6 involved. I'll move on to another topic.

Reason answer should be compelled:

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Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

23. Question:

- Q Were you concerned that the publicity was
 - 18 bringing scandal to the church?

Response/Objection:

- MR. WOODS: Object. Does not relate to the 05:19:37 20 jurisdictional issues. Instruct the witness not to
 - 21 answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,

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1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what the Archdiocese of Los Angeles did after receiving notice of the allegations of sexual abuse. This information is relevant to analyze the Archdiocese statements that they did not contact Bishop Noberto Rivera or the Dicocese of Tehuacan until the letter of January 11, 1988. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

- Q During this meeting with Father Nicolas
- 05:43:38 15 Aguilar Rivera, did you advise him that you were going

 - MR. WOODS: I'm going to object that the question
 - 18 is beyond the scope of the jurisdictional issues and

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably

25. Question:

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- Q As you sit here today, can -- do you have a
 - 9 reason or can you think of a reason as to why you didn't
- 05:44:47 10 inform him to stay in Los Angeles?

Response/Objection:

- MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the
- 12 scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not to
- 13 answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what the Archdiocese of Los Angeles did after receiving notice of the allegations of sexual abuse. This information is relevant to

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precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether
California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be
compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.
26. Question:
Q During the January 9th, 1988, meeting with
16 Father Nicolas Aguilar Rivera, did you explain to him
17 the severity of the accusations?

Response/Objection:

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18 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On

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January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what the Archdiocese of Los Angeles did after receiving notice of the allegations of sexual abuse. This information is relevant to analyze the Archdiocese statements that they did not contact Bishop Noberto Rivera or the Dicocese of Tehuacan until the letter of January 11, 1988. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made. 27. Question:

- Q During the conversation of January 9th, 1988,
 - 21 did you inform Father Nicolas Aguilar Rivera of your
 - 22 duty or your responsibility to inform the authorities of
 - 23 the accusations as evidenced in your January 11th letter
 - 24 to Norberto Rivera?

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Response/Objection:

05:45:30 25

MR. WOODS: Okay. That -- I'm going to have

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05:45:32 1 to - it's beyond the issues of jurisdiction, and I

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2 instruct him not to answer.

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Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what the Archdiocese of Los Angeles did after receiving notice of the allegations of sexual abuse. This information is relevant to analyze the Archdiocese statements that they did not contact Bishop Noberto Rivera or the Dicocese of Tehuacan until the letter of January 11, 1988. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of

1	remarcan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that white
2	Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority
3	of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los
4	Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of
5	the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction
6	precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether
7	California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be
8	compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.
9	28. Question:
10	Q This morning during Cardinal Mahony's
11	05:45:47 5 testimony, he testified that it was his recollection
12	6 that you informed him of the accusations against Father
13	7 Nicolas Aguilar Rivera as soon as you found out about
14	8 the accusations of childhood sexual abuse. Is that
15	9 consistent with your recollection?
16	Response/Objection:
17	05:46:08 10 MR. WOODS: Okay. I object to the summary of the
18	11 testimony this morning. I think the record will reflect
19	12 what it what it was, and I frankly don't recall.
20	13 But I'm going to object. It's beyond the
21	14 scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not to
22	05:46:29 15 answer.
23	Reason answer should be compelled:
24	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is
25	relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any
26	motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears
27	reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil
20	Propodure Section 2017 010) At ignue in this metter is the govern physics of plaintiff what

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29. Question:

Q In 1987, was there a policy and procedure

- 18 regarding the time in which you were required to inform
- 19 your superior of any allegations of misconduct on behalf
- 05:46:46 20 of a clergy with faculties in the Archdiocese of
 - MR. WOODS: I'm going to object that the term
 - "any misconduct" is overly broad, vague and ambiguous,
 - 24 and impossible to answer as phrased and instruct the

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what the Archdiocese of Los Angeles did

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1	after receiving notice of the altegations of sexual aguse. This information is relevant to
2	analyze the Archdiocese statements that they did not contact Bishop Noberto Rivera or the
3	Dicocese of Tehuacan until the letter of January 11, 1988. The purpose of this line of inquiry
4	was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop
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8	of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los
9	Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of
10	the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction
11	precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether
12	California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be
13	compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.
14	30. Question:
15	Q Can you describe for me Father Nicolas
16	12 Aguilar Rivera's demeanor during your meeting on
17	13 January 9th, 1988?
18	Response/Objection:
19	14 MR. WOODS: Object. Calls for speculation,
20	05:52:55 15 beyond the scope of jurisdiction, and instruct the
21	16 witness not to answer.
22	Reason answer should be compelled:
23	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
24	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
25	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
26	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
27	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of

28 Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew

1	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
2	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
3	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
4	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
5	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
6	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los
7	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
8	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
9	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
10	1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
11	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
12	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what the Archdiocese of Los Angeles did
13	after receiving notice of the allegations of sexual abuse. This information is relevant to
14	analyze the Archdiocese statements that they did not contact Bishop Noberto Rivera or the
15	Dicocese of Tehuacan until the letter of January 11, 1988. The purpose of this line of inquiry
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23	precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether
24	California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be
25	compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made

Question: 31.

- Q During the January 9th, 1988, meeting with
 - 19 Father Nicolas Aguilar Rivera, did he express concerns

2 Response/Objection:

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- 21 MR. WOODS: Beyond the scope of jurisdiction, and
- 22 I instruct the witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what the Archdiocese of Los Angeles did after receiving notice of the allegations of sexual abuse. This information is relevant to analyze the Archdiocese statements that they did not contact Bishop Noberto Rivera or the Dicocese of Tehuacan until the letter of January 11, 1988. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of

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5	the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction
6	precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether
7	California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be
8	compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.
9	32. Question:
10	Q During the January 9th, 1988, meeting, did
11	05:53:22 25 Father Nicolas Aguilar Rivera express concerns regarding
12	05:53:28 1 potential criminal charges being brought against him in

2 Los Angeles?

Response/Objection:

- 3 MR. WOODS: I object that it's beyond the scope
- 4 of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly

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THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS ARE TAKEN FROM THE DEPOSITION OF CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY:

	<u>DEPOSITION OF CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY:</u>
2	1. Question:
	Q Okay. We'll go back to that, and that may
	9 may help refresh your recollection as to a date or time.
	10:19:45 10 Let's go back, then, Cardinal, to the moment
ľ	11 or day in time where you first learned from Monsignor
	12 Curry that Nicolas Aguilar Rivera had been or was
	13 suspected of crimes against children.
	14 What did Monsignor Curry tell you?
	Response/Objection:
	10:20:12 15 MR. WOODS: Okay. I object to the question as
I	16 beyond the scope of the limited nature of this
Ì	17 deposition. As my preliminary statement indicated, this
	18 deposition is limited to contacts with the two Mexican
	19 defendants.
	10:20:31 20 Discussions between Monsignor Curry and the
	21 Cardinal about complaints or allegations of misconduct
	22 by Aguilar Rivera do not relate to jurisdiction, and so
	23 I'm going to instruct the witness not to answer that
	24 question.
	10:20:51 25 MR. ANDERSON: Counsel, I'm going to urge you to
	10:20:53 1 reconsider that instruction. It is an inquiry that is
	2 essential to the central inquiry here, and that is
	3 Monsignor Curry and others could have already been in
	4 contact with the foreign defendant here.
	10:21:15 5 MR. WOODS: You can ask him that.
	6 MR. ANDERSON: No. That doesn't that doesn't
,	7 permit a full inquiry into this, both circumstantially

1	8 and otherwise. And in order to make a full or fair
2	9 inquiry into the jurisdiction, it is imperative that I
3	10:21:34 10 be allowed to inquire as to what the Cardinal heard from
4	11 Monsignor Curry and anybody else possessed of the
5	12 knowledge of of Nicolas Aguilar Rivera.
6	13 And if if you persist in that, that
7	14 will that will hasten this deposition towards a quick
8	10:21:57 15 court appearance before Judge Berle.
9	16 MR. WOODS: Okay. Well, if you persist in
10	17 thinking and arguing that discussions about the
11	18 allegations of misconduct has some relevance to
12	19 jurisdiction over the Mexican defendants, I think you'll
13	10:22:15 20 have to get an order from the judge. Because, you know,
14	21 my reading of the case law on jurisdiction does not
15	22 indicate that that has any relevance whatsoever to
16	23 jurisdiction.
17	24 MR. ANDERSON: And so the basis for the
18	10:22:33 25 instruction to not answer is relevance?
19	10:22:37 1 MR. WOODS: Yes.
20	2 BY MR. ANDERSON:
21	3 Q Are you going to follow that instruction,
22	4 Cardinal?
23	10:22:42 5 A Yes.
24	6 Q Okay.
.25 .26	7 MR. SELSBERG: Excuse me. Can y'all inquire to
26	8 the judge whether he's willing to resolve any of these
: ⊋7	9 disputes on the scope of the deposition today while
28	10:22:56 10 we're all here?

1	MR. ANDERSON: Let's see where it goes. No
2	12 inquiry's been made. I didn't anticipate, frankly, such
3	13 an objection. So it comes as a surprise to me, so we'll
4	14 see where it goes.
5	10:23:10 15 MR. SELSBERG: He was willing to do it with
6	16 respect to our deposition. Perhaps he'd be willing to
7	17 do it with respect to this one.
8	MR. ANDERSON: Well, let's see. Let's see.
9	MR. SELSBERG: On behalf of my clients, I'm
10	10:23:21 20 asking you both to to seek relief from from the
11	21 court today as it unless we would like to finish
12	22 this deposition and not reconvene or brief the issue.
13	23 We oppose any delay in the hearing date. So we ask that
14	24 y'all contact the judge and see if he's willing to do
15	10:23:43 25 that.
16	10:23:44 1 MR. ANDERSON: I think we should ask more
17	2 questions to formulate the foundation for that, and I
18	3 have no objection to attempting to make contact with the
19	4 court.
20	Reason answer should be compelled:
21	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
22	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
23	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
24	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
.25	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
26	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
12 7	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
28	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly

24 2. Question:

- Q How did Monsignor Curry learn that Nicolas
 - 7 Aguilar Rivera was suspected of criminal sexual conduct?

Response/Objection:

8 MR. WOODS: Same objection.

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MR. WOODS: And same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto

Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

3. Question:

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- Q How long was your conversation with Monsignor
 - 13 Curry?

Response/Objection:

MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the

1	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
2	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
. 3	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
4	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
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12	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
13	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
14	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
15	and complete inquiry can be made.
16	4. Question:
17	Q At the time that Monsignor Curry communicated
18	17 this information to you, had he spoken to Nicolas
19	18 Aguilar Rivera?
20	Response/Objection:
21	19 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation. 10:25:12 20

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of

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Question:

Q What did you do, Cardinal, responsive to

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1	23 Monsignor Curry immediately bringing this information to
2	24 you that Nicolas Aguilar Rivera was suspected of
3	10:25:29 25 criminal sexual conduct?
4	Response/Objection:
5	10:25:31 I MR. WOODS: All right. That's a very broad
6	2 question. I'd ask you to rephrase it to limit it to
7	3 what did he do in terms of contacting any of the
8	4 defendant Mexican defendants in this case.
9	10:25:48 5 Inquiry along those lines, I would permit.
10	6 But any other responses to it are beyond the scope of
11	7 this jurisdictional deposition, and I would instruct the
12	8 witness not to answer. And since the question is so
13	9 broad, it's difficult for a lay witness to deal with
14	10:26:02 10 those two distinctions.
15	11 I'm going to instruct him not to answer the
16	12 question as phrased.
17	Reason answer should be compelled:
18	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
19	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
20	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
21	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
22	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
23	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
24	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The

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duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On

Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly

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2	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
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7	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
8	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
9	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
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17	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
18	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
19	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
20	and complete inquiry can be made.
21	6. Question:
22	Q Okay. What did you do in response to what
23	17 Monsignor Curry told you about Nicolas Aguilar Rivera?

- MR. WOODS: Okay. The same objection. That's 18
- 19 the same question. It's the same objection I made to
- 10:26:24 20 the last question, and I'll instruct him not to answer
 - 21 it.

1	22	MR. ANDERSON: Is the instruction "relevancy"?
2	23	MR. WOODS: It's - yes. As I explained, the
3	24 գս	estion is so broad.
4	10:26:36 25	MR. ANDERSON: Just give me the legal objection
5	10:26:37 1	so we can deal with the judge.
6	2	MR. WOODS: Just legal. It's relevance
7	3	MR. ANDERSON: Okay.
8	4	MR. WOODS: as explained when you asked the
9	10:26:42 5	same question before.

Reason answer should be compelled:

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Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony

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10	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
11	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
12	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
13	and complete inquiry can be made.
14	7. Question:
15	Q What next did you take any action
16	8 responsive to what Monsigner Curry told you?
17	Response/Objection:
18	9 MR. WOODS: Same objection. The question is so
19	10:27:06 10 broad that it includes matter relevant to this inquiry
20	11 and matter that isn't relevant to this inquiry. So I'm
21	12 going to instruct him not to answer but invite you to
22	13 rephrase the question to include relevant matter.
23	Reason answer should be compelled:
24	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
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8. Question:

Q After you learned that this was -- when

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1	10:30:43 1 Monsignor Curry brought this information to you as vicar
2	2 for clergy, did you direct him to take action responsive
3	3 to the situation involving Nicolas Aguilar Rivera?
4	Response/Objection:
5	4 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the form of
6	10:31:00 5 the question as beyond the scope of this deposition and
7	6 instruct the witness not to answer.
8	7 MR. ANDERSON: Relevancy?
9	8 MR. WOODS: Yes.
10	Reason answer should be compelled:
11	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
12	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
13	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
14	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
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1	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
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10	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
11	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
12	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
13	and complete inquiry can be made.
14	9. Question:
15	Q Do you know if Monsignor Curry did take
16	11 action responsive to the information he received
17	12 concerning the risk posed by Aguilar Rivera?

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13 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly

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20	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
21	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
22	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
23	and complete inquiry can be made.
24	10. Question:
25 ?	Q Monsignor Curry gave you enough information
_ <u>2</u> 26	16 to know that Nicolas Aguilar Rivera posed a danger to

17 children in the Archdiocese, didn't he?

Reason answer should be compelled:

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11. Question:

- Q After the conversation with Monsignor Curry,
 - 21 when is the next time you received information from any
 - 22 source that Nicolas Aguilar Rivera posed a risk of harm
 - 23 to children?

Response/Objection:

24 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,

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3	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
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13	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
14	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
15	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
16	and complete inquiry can be made.
17	12. Question:
18	Q What did the Archdiocesan officials, acting
19	2 at your direction, or you, as the Cardinal Archbishop,
20	3 do to protect the children of the Archdiocese of L.A.
21	4 and and Mexico from the risk of harm posed by Nicolas

Response/Objection:

10:32:29 5 Aguilar Rivera?

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MR. WOODS: Okay. I'm going to object that the

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7 question assumes numerous facts not in evidence, is

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8 argumentative, and is beyond the scope of the limited

9 nature of this deposition and instruct the witness not

10:32:43 10 to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

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2	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
3	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
4	and complete inquiry can be made.
5	13. Question:
6	Q Okay. And it is you, then, as the Ordinary
7	23 that relied upon Bishop Rivera when he certified the
8	24 fitness of Nicolas Aguilar Nicolas Aguilar Rivera to
9	10:55:25 25 serve.
10	Response/Objection:
11	10:55:27 1 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; assumes facts not in
12	2 evidence and mischaracterizes his testimony.
13	3 MR. WOODS: It's it's a very difficult
14	4 question because
15	10:55:34 5 MR. ANDERSON: What's the objection?
16	6 MR. WOODS: The word "you" is confusing.
17	7 BY MR. ANDERSON:
18	8 Q You in your capacity as Archbishop, Cardinal.
19	9 Do you understand that, Cardinal?
20	10:55:43 10 MR. WOODS: No. That's confusing. I mean
21	11 MR. ANDERSON: It's not confusing to him. This
22	12 witness has given testimony before. He understands the
23	13 question. He understands the question as well as I
24	14 understand the protocol. He is the Ordinary. He is the
25	10:56:00 15 one responsible. If he doesn't understand it, he can
<u>2</u> 6	16 tell me. I don't need you to tell me that.
26 27	17 MR. WOODS: Well, it's also the jury that will
28	18 hear this testimony if taken out of context. The "you"

γŊ	is a delegated
2	10:56:20 20 responsibility that he, "you," accepts. He's accepted
3	21 that several times. He told you he accepts
4	22 responsibility. But he may not have even seen this
5	23 letter, and I think he said that too.
6	24 So I mean I think you have to be clear in
7	10:56:39 25 your question to prevent prevent some kind of misuse
8	10:56:43 1 of it down the line.
9	2 BY MR. ANDERSON:
10	3 Q Okay. Cardinal, every question that I'm
11	4 asking you is in your capacity as the Archbishop
12	10:56:53 5 Cardinal. And in your capacity as the Archbishop
13	6 Cardinal, it's correct to say that you relied upon the
14	7 certification given in this letter in permitting Nicolas
15	8 Aguilar Rivera to work in the L.A. Archdiocese?
16	9 MR. WOODS: Okay.
17	10:57:17 10 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; assumes facts not in
18	11 evidence and mischaracterizes his testimony.
19	12 MR. WOODS: Yeah. I think if you said "Did you
20	13 personally" versus "you accepting the" the the
2 1	14 MR. ANDERSON: Don't tell me how - let him
22	10:57:32 15 answer the question.
23	16 MR. WOODS: Okay. But the question
24	17 MR. ANDERSON: Don't tell me how to ask it. I
2 5	18 don't need your help.
26 27	19 MR. WOODS: It's confusing. It's confusing for
27 7	10:57:38 20 the reasons I've stated, so I'm going to instruct him
28	21 not to answer it because I think you can rephrase it.

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23 confusing, Don, let's not waste time on this.

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Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto

1	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
2	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
3	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
4	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
5	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
6	and complete inquiry can be made.
7	14. Question:
8	Q It states there were grown men stayed
9	4 overnight and homosexual incident that precipitated the
10	11:10:16 5 assault on Father Aguilar.
11	6 Would the Archdiocese of L.A. accepted this
12	7 priest if it and you had known that in August of '86,
13	8 grown men had stayed overnight and there had been a
14	9 homosexual incident that precipitated the assault?
15	Response/Objection:
	11:10:40 10 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; assumes facts not in
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16 17	11 evidence.
17	1 I evidence.
17 18	11 evidence. 12 MR. WOODS: Okay. Also, it read from the
17 18 19	11 evidence. 12 MR. WOODS: Okay. Also, it read from the 13 document incorrectly as by way of a preamble. So,
17 18 19 20	11 evidence. 12 MR. WOODS: Okay. Also, it read from the 13 document incorrectly as by way of a preamble. So, 14 could you just ask him the question? I object that it's
17 18 19 20 21	11 evidence. 12 MR. WOODS: Okay. Also, it read from the 13 document incorrectly as by way of a preamble. So, 14 could you just ask him the question? I object that it's 11:10:56 15 confusing. Instruct him not to answer. Just ask him if
17 18 19 20 21 22	11 evidence. 12 MR. WOODS: Okay. Also, it read from the 13 document incorrectly as — by way of a preamble. So, 14 could you just ask him the question? I object that it's 11:10:56 15 confusing. Instruct him not to answer. Just ask him if 16 they would accept under these circumstances.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	11 evidence. 12 MR. WOODS: Okay. Also, it read from the 13 document incorrectly as — by way of a preamble. So, 14 could you just ask him the question? I object that it's 11:10:56 15 confusing. Instruct him not to answer. Just ask him if 16 they would accept under these circumstances. Reason answer should be compelled:
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1	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
2	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
3	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
4	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
5	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
6	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
7	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los
8	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
9	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
10	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
11	1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
12	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
13	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
14	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
15	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
16	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
17	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
18	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
19	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
20	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
21	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
22	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
23	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
24	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
25 9	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
26	and complete inquiry can be made.
27	15. Question:
	II

28 Q Cardinal, what does the Spanish term

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- 11:14:38 1 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question
 - 2 as beyond the scope of this deposition, which is limited
 - 3 to jurisdictional issues, and instruct the witness not
 - 4 to answer.
- 11:14:48 5 MR. SELSBERG: I object to the competency of the
 - 6 witness to answer that question.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and

1	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
2	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
3	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
4	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
5	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
6	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
7	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
8	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
9	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
10	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
11	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
12	and complete inquiry can be made.
13	16. Question:
14	Q Cardinal, if you - in Exhibit 23, the letter
15	9 of fitness from Cardinal Rivera to you upon which you
16	11:15:09 10 relied, it said that Nicolas Aguilar was suspected of
17	11 homosexual incidents with chamacos, what would that have
18	12 meant to you?
19	Response/Objection:
20	13 MR. SELSBERG: Objection. That calls for
21	14 speculation.
22	11:15:32 15 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object that it's not
23	16 sorry.
24	17 MR. SELSBERG: And it assumes facts not in
25 226 227	18 evidence.
26	19 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object that it's
<u>(</u> 27	11:15:39 20 hypothetical, facts not in evidence. It's not the facts
28	21 that were presented, and it's beyond the scope of this
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Reason answer should be compelled:

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1	1987 letter. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the further contact with
2	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father
3	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was necessary prior to granting
4	faculties to minister in Los Angeles. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
5	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
6	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
7	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
8	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
9	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
10	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
11	and complete inquiry can be made.
12	17. Question:
13	Q And when he says it's an introduction and you
14	11:20:47 5 say it's a recommendation, in in in the parlance
15	6 of the church, how can there be a difference between the
16	7 two, you and he?
17	Response/Objection:
18	8 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation.
19	9 MR. WOODS: I agree it calls for speculation and
20	11:21:07 10 instruct him not to answer.
21	Reason answer should be compelled:
22	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
23	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
24	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
25	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
26	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
27	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
28	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The

jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full

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1	and complete inquiry can be made.
2	18. Question:
3	Q Cardinal Rivera has asserted in this
4	17 declaration and under oath at no time did he recommend
5	18 Nicolas Aguilar Rivera to this Archdiocese for duties.
6	19 What do you say to that?
7	Response/Objection:
8	11:21:54 20 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the form of
9	21 the question. It's not a question. And I'll instruct
10	22 him not to answer. Are you asking him does he agree or
11	23 disagree? Is that the question?
12	24 BY MR. ANDERSON:
13	11:22:07 25 Q You can answer the question as asked.
14	11:22:09 1 MR. WOODS: Okay. I instruct him not to answer
15	Reason answer should be compelled:
16	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
17	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
18	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
19	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
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21	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
22	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
23	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
24	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. Or
-25	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father

On

Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly

duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los

Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,

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2	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
3	1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
4	Diocese of Tehuacan. Archbishop Roger Mahony has served the Church in various positions
5	for over fifty years. Archbishop Roger Mahony has acted as the ordinary for The Diocese of
6	Fresno, The Diocese of Stockton and The Archdiocese of Los Angeles. In this position he has
7	accepted numerous extern priests for service within his diocese. Archbishop Roger Mahony
8	has the background and knowledge necessary to respond to this question. This question is
9	relevant because in order for an extern priest to serve in the Archdiocese of Los Angeles or any
10	Diocese in the Catholic Church, the extern priests superior must recommend him for service
11	and certify he is fit to serve as a priest. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if
12	the further contact with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or
13	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was necessary
14	prior to granting faculties to minister in Los Angeles. It is clear that while Father Nicholas
15	Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop,
16	Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until
17	present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of
18	Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes
19	plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts
20	may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to
21	answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.
22	19. Question:
23	Q He goes on to state under oath, "As such, I
24	18 did not grant a license to Father Aguilar to take up
25	19 priestly duties in Los Angeles, granting such licensure
<u></u> 26	11:26:33 20 was beyond my authority as bishop of the diocese in any
27	21 event, nor did I recommend him for such duties."

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Is this the first time you've read this?

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- 23 A Yes.
- Q Okay. He's saying that -- what is your
- 11:27:04 25 response to your reading of that?
- 11:27:06 1 MR. WOODS: Okay. I'm going to object. That's
 - 2 not even a question, really.
 - 3 MR. HABEL: It's argumentative.
- 4 MR. WOODS: Instruct not to answer.
- 9 11:27:15 5 Argumentative.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. Archbishop Roger Mahony has served the Church in various positions for over fifty years. Archbishop Roger Mahony has acted as the ordinary for The Diocese of

1	Fresno, The Diocese of Stockton and The Archdiocese of Los Angeles. In this position he has
2	accepted numerous extern priests for service within his diocese. Archbishop Roger Mahony
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5	Diocese in the Catholic Church, the extern priests superior must recommend him for service
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7	the further contact with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or
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9	prior to granting faculties to minister in Los Angeles. It is clear that while Father Nicholas
10	Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop,
11	Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until
12	present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of
13	Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes
14	plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts
15	may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to
16	answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.
17	20. Question:
18	Q If the term "chamacos" had been used there,
18 19	Q If the term "chamacos" had been used there, 18 would that have a different meaning for you as a reader?
19	18 would that have a different meaning for you as a reader?
19 20	18 would that have a different meaning for you as a reader? Response/Objection:
19 20 21	18 would that have a different meaning for you as a reader? Response/Objection: 19 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation,
19 20 21 22	18 would that have a different meaning for you as a reader? Response/Objection: 19 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation, 11:51:58 20 and I object to the competency of this witness to do
19 20 21 22 23 24	18 would that have a different meaning for you as a reader? Response/Objection: 19 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation, 11:51:58 20 and I object to the competency of this witness to do 21 translations.
19 20 21 22 23	18 would that have a different meaning for you as a reader? Response/Objection: 19 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation, 11:51:58 20 and I object to the competency of this witness to do 21 translations. 22 BY MR. ANDERSON:

137011/

28 11:52:14 1 here, and instruct the witness not to answer.

1	2 MR. ANDERSON: On the basis of? What's the legal
2	3 objection
3	4 MR. WOODS: You're asking
4	11:52:25 5 MR. ANDERSON: for the instruction?
5	6 MR. WOODS: You're asking him for an expert in
6	7 translation of the Spanish language. You're asking him
7	8 as expert in church law.
8	9 MR. ANDERSON: No, I'm not. Is it relevancy, or
9	11:52:37 10 is it
10	11 MR. WOODS: All of those things I've mentioned.
11	12 MR. ANDERSON: Just give me the legal objections
12	13 so we can deal with it in court. Relevancy or what?
13	14 MR. WOODS: Okay. It calls for an expert
14	11:52:46 15 opinion. He's not been designated or being asked to
15	16 testify here as an expert. It calls for translation.
16	17 He's not here as an expert in translation. It assumes
17	18 facts not in evidence and is argumentative and is
18	19 confusing, and it's not relevant to the jurisdictional
19	I1:53:08 20 issue.
20	21 MR. HABEL: Hypothetical.
21	22 MR. WOODS: It's a hypothetical.
22	23 BY MR. ANDERSON:
23	24 Q I'm going to
24	11:53:30 25 MR. WOODS: Let me just
25	11:53:31 1 MR. ANDERSON: Just a minute.
26	2 MR. WOODS: Okay.
27	3 MR. ANDERSON: We're going to go to court over
28	4 this.

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1	11:53:34 5 MR. WOODS: Fine.
2	6 MR. ANDERSON: If you want to let him answer now,
3	7 that's fine. If you don't, we're fighting this thing.
4	8 MR. WOODS: Okay.
5	9 MR. ANDERSON: I just want you to know so, you
6	11:53:42 10 know, if you want to reconsider, that's fine.
7	11 MR. SELSBERG: I ask that you all do that today.
8	12 MR. ANDERSON: Well, look, we've got questions to
9	13 ask. If we can do it, we will. But we've got other
10	14 questions to ask, and you've already made it difficult
11	11:53:57 15 enough and used enough time making what I consider
12	16 frivolous objections that you know, we're going to
13	17 try to use the time to get to the substance of this.
14	Reason answer should be compelled:
15	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
16	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
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1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas

Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. Archbishop Roger Mahony has served the Church in various positions for over fifty years. Archbishop Roger Mahony has acted as the ordinary for The Diocese of Fresno, The Diocese of Stockton and The Archdiocese of Los Angeles. In this position he has accepted numerous extern priests for service within his diocese. Archbishop Roger Mahony has the background and knowledge necessary to respond to this question. This question is relevant because in order for an extern priest to serve in the Archdiocese of Los Angeles or any Diocese in the Catholic Church, the extern priests superior must recommend him for service and certify he is fit to serve as a priest. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the further contact with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was necessary prior to granting faculties to minister in Los Angeles. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

21 21. Question:

- 22 Q And -- yes. And then go ahead and read what
- 23 | 11:56:43 25 it says.

Response/Objection:

- 11:56:46 1 A I have to do it in Spanish, you mean?
 - 2 MR. WOODS: Just read it to yourself, he means.
 - 3 BY MR. ANDERSON:
 - 4 Q No. As you read it, beginning with "I work

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1	11:56:52 5 here at the service of the parish in the afternoon."
2	6 Why don't you read what the Spanish version says to you
3	7 as you read it.
4	8 MR. WOODS: Okay. I'm going to object to the
5	9 question. It's calling for a translation, which has
6	11:57:04 10 nothing to do with jurisdiction. This is a document
7	11 that never was communicated from Mexico to United
8	12 States. It has nothing to do with any purposeful
9	13 activity by the Mexican defendants in doing business in
10	14 California. It never was presented.
11	11:57:26 15 You're now going what you're trying to do
12	16 is get a translation of a specific word or a sentence.
13	17 That's not his job to do translations. You can hire a
14	18 person to do a translation. He's not here to do
15	19 translations.
16	11:57:42 20 MR. ANDERSON: Counsel, it it is central to
17	21 the inquiry.
18	22 MR. WOODS: It's central to your case
19	23 MR. ANDERSON: No.
20	24 MR. WOODS: not central to jurisdiction.
21	11:57:49 25 MR. ANDERSON: This is this is what this is
22	11:57:50 1 what Bishop Norberto knew about the fitness of this guy
23	2 to serve as ministry.
24	3 MR. WOODS: I'm not sure that's true.
. 25	4 MR. ANDERSON: He knew
25 26 227	11:57:59 5 MR. SELSBERG: Counsel, it's very clear in the
927	6 deposition transcript
28	7 MR. ANDERSON: I'm not going to argue with you.

1	8 I'm going to address his objection. He gave me a legal
2	9 objection. And if you have a legal objection, I'm going
3	I1:58:07 10 to let you make it.
4	11 MR. SELSBERG: You're not asking a question.
5	12 MR. ANDERSON: Just a moment.
6	13 MR. SELSBERG: You just mis
7	14 MR. ANDERSON: Counsel
8	11:58:12 15 MR. SELSBERG: Okay. I'll let you finish.
9	16 MR. ANDERSON: Make a legal objection.
10	17 MR. SELSBERG: Go ahead.
11	18 BY MR. ANDERSON:
12	19 Q Okay. Don, I'm going to I'm going to
13	11:58:22 20 simply ask him to read it as he reads it, and and it
14	21 is probative to this inquiry.
15	22 MR. HABEL: To what end?
16	23 MR. WOODS: Wait. I was going to ask the same
17	24 question. I mean to what how can his translation of
18	11:58:39 25 this sentence have anything to do? A sentence never
19	11:58:43 1 communicated to him, never communicated to anyone in the
20	2 church in Los Angeles, how can this have anything to do
21	3 with jurisdiction over these defendants?
22	4 MR. ANDERSON: It has to do with Norberto
23	11:58:52 5 Rivera's knowledge of fitness and a misrepresentation
24	6 concerning it to the Archdiocese of L.A.
25	7 MR. SELSBERG: And I'd like to state for the
⊋6 ⊋27	8 record
2 7	9 MR. ANDERSON: And and why it is jurisdiction
28	11:59:04 10 lies here, because they knowingly sent the priest here
	11

1	11 knowing that he had abused chamacos, youngsters, and
2	12 kids.
3	13 MR. SELSBERG: And I'd like to state for the
4	14 record that that's a gross mischaracterization of
5	11:59:20 15 Cardinal Rivera's testimony. It's crystal-clear in this
6	16 deposition transcript, at least two places, that he
7	17 testified unequivocally that he never
8	18 MR. ANDERSON: Give state your objection.
9	19 MR. SELSBERG: There's no question.
10	11:59:31 20 that he never saw this police report.
11	21 Okay? So what you said is grossly unfair.
12	22 MR. ANDERSON: Okay.
13	23 MR. SELSBERG: There's no question, so I can't
14	24 give a legal objection. My legal objection to him to
15	11:59:43 25 the witness testifying about Spanish to English
16	11:59:46 1 interpretations is that he's not competent to do that.
17	2 MR. WOODS: And I'm going to instruct him not to
18	3 answer the question. So why don't you move on, and
19	4 we'll take it up with the judge in due course.
20	Reason answer should be compelled:
21	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
22	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
23	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
24	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
25	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
26	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
27	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
28	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Amilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly

es prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
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eles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
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lar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
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er so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

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Question: 27

Okay. And later on, looking at the English

	1 12:00:10 10 version, four lines down, it states "this youngster had
	2 11 not had, that the maid of the priest Nicolas Aguilar
	Rivera, who could also affirm under oath that they come
	4 13 from several areas." Do you see the word "chamaco"
	5 14 appearing for "youngster" there also?
	Response/Objection:
	7 12:00:36 15 MR. SELSBERG: I object. It assumes facts not in
	8 16 evidence. This interpretation is not the interpretation
	9 17 that we have, so we do not agree that this is a correct
1	18 interpretation of the document from Spanish to English.
1	1 19 MR. WOODS: This is just asking someone to
1	2 12:00:52 20 interpret something. It's not the purpose of this
1	3 21 deposition. The witness isn't qualified to make a
1	22 court-type interpretation, and it's got nothing to do
1	5 23 with jurisdiction. I'm going to instruct him not to
1	6 24 answer.
1	7 Reason answer should be compelled:
1	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
1	9 the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
2	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
2	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
2	2 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
2	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
2	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
$ \hat{Q}^{2} $	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
	28 Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly

Q Okay. And if you had the benefit of this

12:04:01 10 police report or had been informed of this police report

- 11 or its existence or the information contained in it,
- 12 would that have influenced your decision and that of the

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13 Archdiocese to have accepted this priest?

Response/Objection:

- 14 MR. SELSBERG: Objection. That calls for
- 12:04:16 15 speculation.
 - 16 MR. WOODS: Same objection. It's a hypothetical.
 - 17 It wasn't presented to him. It's not even relevant to
 - 18 the inquiry, and I instruct him not to answer that.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. Archbishop Roger Mahony has served the Church in various positions for over fifty years. Archbishop Roger Mahony has acted as the ordinary for The Diocese of Fresno, The Diocese of Stockton and The Archdiocese of Los Angeles. In this position he has accepted numerous extern priests for service within his diocese. Archbishop Roger Mahony

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2	relevant because in order for an extern priest to serve in the Archdiocese of Los Angeles or any
3	Diocese in the Catholic Church, the extern priests superior must recommend him for service
4	and certify he is fit to serve as a priest. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if
5	the further contact with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or
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8	Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop,
9	Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until
10	present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of
11	Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes
12	plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts
13	may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to
14	answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.
15	24. Question:
16	Q You were concerned, weren't you? I mean it
17	11 was alarming information that this Aguilar had molested
18	12 kids?
19	Response/Objection:
20	13 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object. His concern has
21	14 got nothing to do with jurisdiction over these
22	12:20:57 15 defendants. It's argumentative, and I'm going to
23	16 instruct him not to answer.
24	MR. ANDERSON: It does have to do with whether he
25	18 would communicate it and the communications between them
•25 •26 •27	19 by interstate and otherwise
27	12:21:09 20 MR. WOODS: Well, questions about what

MR. ANDERSON: Just - Don, let me finish.

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Reason answer should be compelled:

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Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. Archbishop Roger Mahony has served the Church in various positions for over fifty years. Archbishop Roger Mahony has acted as the ordinary for The Diocese of Fresno, The Diocese of Stockton and The Archdiocese of Los Angeles. In this position he has

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11	present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of
12	Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes
13	plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts
14	may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to
15	answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.
16	25. Question:
17	Q And at the time this letter was sent, what
18	12:27:23 25 report had been made to civil authorities?
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12:27:26 1 MR. WOODS: I will object to the question as 20

2 beyond the scope of the jurisdictional issues which are

3 the purpose of this deposition and instruct the witness

4 not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section

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26. Question:

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- Q When you first and Monsignor Curry first
 - 7 received information that this priest was a child
 - 8 molester, was there a desire by you and/or Monsignor
 - 9 Curry to keep this secret and among you and his

12:28:12 10 superior?

Response/Objection:

- MR. WOODS: Object to the form of the question as
- 12 argumentative, beyond the scope of jurisdiction, and I
- 13 will instruct the witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas

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4	Dicocese of Tehuacan until the letter of January 11, 1988. The purpose of this line of inquiry
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9	of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los
10	Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of
11	the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction
12	precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether
13	California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be
14	compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.
15	27. Question:
16	Q Okay. Who was to report this to civil
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18	24 authorities, Norberto Rivera or you? Response/Objection:
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20	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
21	12:28:52 1 MR. WOODS: And also is a confusing question
21 22	2 because there are numerous other possibilities. Those
	 2 because there are numerous other possibilities. Those 3 are not the only two
22	 2 because there are numerous other possibilities. Those 3 are not the only two 4 MR. ANDERSON: Let him answer it.
22 23 24	2 because there are numerous other possibilities. Those 3 are not the only two 4 MR. ANDERSON: Let him answer it. 12:29:04 5 MR. WOODS: Okay. But it's confusing, so I will
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22 23 24	2 because there are numerous other possibilities. Those 3 are not the only two 4 MR. ANDERSON: Let him answer it. 12:29:04 5 MR. WOODS: Okay. But it's confusing, so I will 6 instruct him not to answer. It's also irrelevant to 7 jurisdictional issues.
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California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

28. Question:

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- Q Cardinal, it is written "According to the
- 12:29:15 10 civil law here, the accusations must be reported to the
 - 11 authorities."
 - 12 My question to you, as this is written to
 - 13 Norberto Rivera, who is supposed to report this to civil
 - 14 authorities?

Response/Objection:

- 12:29:35 15 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question
 - 16 as calling for legal conclusion, irrelevant to the
 - 17 jurisdictional issue, and instruct him not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas

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14	the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction
15	precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether
16	California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be
17	compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.
18	29. Question:
19	Q What was then the procedure in 1988
20	12:29:58 20 pertaining to educators and the Archdiocese reporting
21	21 suspected sexual abuse to civil authorities?
22	Response/Objection:
23	22 MR. WOODS: Objection; calls for a legal opinion,
24	23 it's beyond the scope of this jurisdiction, and I
25	24 instruct the witness not to answer.
26	12:30:24 25 MR. ANDERSON: Counsel, he's the one who's
27	12:30:25 1 writing to to the foreign defendant saying this must
28	2 be reported.
	2 of reported.

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1	3	MR. WOODS: Okay.
2	4	MR. HABEL: Actually, it's Curry.
3	12:30:33 5	MR. ANDERSON: Well, it's him through Curry.
4	6	MR. WOODS: It's the same issue.
5	7	MR. ANDERSON: Does your instruction stand not to
6	8 an	swer?
7	9	MR. WOODS: Huh?
8	12:30:44 10	MR. ANDERSON: Does your instruction stand not to
9	11 ar	swer?
10	12	MR. WOODS: Yes.
11	Reason ans	wer should be compelled:

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Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas

, I	Curry plaintin's counsel attempted to inquire as to what the Archdiocese of Los Angeles did
2	after receiving notice of the allegations of sexual abuse. This information is relevant to
3	analyze the Archdiocese statements that they did not contact Bishop Noberto Rivera or the
4	Dicocese of Tehuacan until the letter of January 11, 1988. The purpose of this line of inquiry
5	was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop
6	Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of
7	Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while
8	Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority
9	of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los
10	Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of
11	the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction
12	precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether
13	California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be
14	compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.
- '	
15	30. Question:
	30. Question: Q The next paragraph states, "I spoke to Father
15	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
15 16	Q The next paragraph states, "I spoke to Father
15 16 17	Q The next paragraph states, "I spoke to Father 12:30:55 15 Aguilar Rivera on Saturday, January 9th." Did you know
15 16 17 18	Q The next paragraph states, "I spoke to Father 12:30:55 15 Aguilar Rivera on Saturday, January 9th." Did you know 16 that Monsignor Curry was speaking to Aguilar before he
15 16 17 18 19	Q The next paragraph states, "I spoke to Father 12:30:55 15 Aguilar Rivera on Saturday, January 9th." Did you know 16 that Monsignor Curry was speaking to Aguilar before he 17 went to do so?
15 16 17 18 19	Q The next paragraph states, "I spoke to Father 12:30:55 15 Aguilar Rivera on Saturday, January 9th." Did you know 16 that Monsignor Curry was speaking to Aguilar before he 17 went to do so? Response/Objection:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q The next paragraph states, "I spoke to Father 12:30:55 15 Aguilar Rivera on Saturday, January 9th." Did you know 16 that Monsignor Curry was speaking to Aguilar before he 17 went to do so? Response/Objection: 18 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the
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15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Q The next paragraph states, "I spoke to Father 12:30:55 15 Aguilar Rivera on Saturday, January 9th." Did you know 16 that Monsignor Curry was speaking to Aguilar before he 17 went to do so? Response/Objection: 18 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the 19 scope of the jurisdictional issues and instruct him not 12:31:19 20 to answer.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Q The next paragraph states, "I spoke to Father 12:30:55 15 Aguilar Rivera on Saturday, January 9th." Did you know 16 that Monsignor Curry was speaking to Aguilar before he 17 went to do so? Response/Objection: 18 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the 19 scope of the jurisdictional issues and instruct him not 12:31:19 20 to answer. Reason answer should be compelled:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Q The next paragraph states, "I spoke to Father 12:30:55 15 Aguilar Rivera on Saturday, January 9th." Did you know 16 that Monsignor Curry was speaking to Aguilar before he 17 went to do so? Response/Objection: 18 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the 19 scope of the jurisdictional issues and instruct him not 12:31:19 20 to answer. Reason answer should be compelled: Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to

2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what the Archdiocese of Los Angeles did after receiving notice of the allegations of sexual abuse. This information is relevant to analyze the Archdiocese statements that they did not contact Bishop Noberto Rivera or the Dicocese of Tehuacan until the letter of January 11, 1988. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

31. Question:

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- 23 Monsignor Curry had with Nicolas Aguilar referenced in
- 24 this letter?

12:31:30 25

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MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting

1	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
2	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
3	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
4	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
5	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
6	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
7	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
8	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
9	and complete inquiry can be made.
10	32. Question:
11	12:38:01 1 Q And my question, then, is did you direct or
12	2 have Monsignor direct that Nicolas Aguilar stay here so
13	3 that you could do the full canonical investigation and
14	4 the LAPD could do theirs?
15	Response/Objection:
16	12:38:18 5 MR. WOODS: Object to the form of the question.
17	6 Or sorry. Let me start all over again. I object to the
18	7 question as beyond the scope of the jurisdictional
19	8 issues which are the subject of this deposition and
20	9 instruct the witness not to answer.
21	12:38:33 10 What the Archdiocese did in terms of
22	11 investigating, what the police did in terms of
23	12 investigating are not relevant to jurisdiction over the
24	13 Mexican nationals.
25	Reason answer should be compelled:
25 25 27	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
27	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
28	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably

1	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
2	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
3	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
4	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
5	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
6	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
7	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
8	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
9	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los
10	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
11	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
12	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
13	1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
14	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
15	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
16	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
17	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
18	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
19	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
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21	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
22	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
23	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
24	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
25	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
26	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
27	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
28	and complete inquiry can be made.

33. Question:

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- Q Okay. Do you know if any official of the
 - 16 Archdiocese of L.A. or Tehuacan ordered Nicolas Aguilar
 - 17 Rivera to stay in L.A. so that a full investigation
 - 18 could be done by the police and the L.A. Archdiocese?

Response/Objection:

- MR. WOODS: Okay. Object to the question as
- 12:41:54 20 beyond the scope of jurisdiction over the defendants and
 - 21 instruct him not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and

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1	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
2	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
3	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
4	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
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6	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
7	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
8	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
9	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
10	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
11	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
12	and complete inquiry can be made.
13	34. Question:
14	Q Did the Archdiocese ever do any any kind
15	24 of full investigation canonically, as you referred?
16	Response/Objection:

12:42:15 25 MR. WOODS: Object. Beyond the scope of the

12:42:16 1 jurisdictional issues and instruct the witness not to

2 answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly

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1	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
2	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
3	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
4	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rívera. The Los
5	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
6	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
7	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
8	1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
9	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
10	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
11	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
12	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
13	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
14	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
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17	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
18	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
19	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
20	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
21	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
22	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
23	and complete inquiry can be made.
24	35. Question:
25	Q Do you know if they did or you don't do
	12 you have any knowledge of whether or not they did, or do

A I have no knowledge.

13 you believe they did no investigation?

- II	
1	12:42:51 15 Q Okay. Did you ever ask?
2	16 A No.
3	17 Q Why not?
4	Response/Objection:
5	18 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the form of
6	19 the question and to the question as beyond the scope of
7	12:43:03 20 the jurisdictional issues. The contacts, what he did
8	21 ask for or what he did say, relevant. What he could
9	22 have done or might have done or should have done,
10	23 irrelevant.
11	24 MR. ANDERSON: Instruct not to answer?
12	12:43:21 25 MR. WOODS: Instruct him not to answer.
13	Reason answer should be compelled:
14	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
15	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
16	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
17	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
18	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
19	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
20	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
21	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
22	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
23	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
24	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
25	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los
26	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
27	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
28	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,

1	1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
2	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
3	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
4	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
5	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
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10	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
11	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
12	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
13	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
14	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
15	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
16	and complete inquiry can be made.
17	36. Question:
18	Q In this letter, Exhibit 30, he states, "I
19	3 spoke to Father Aguilar Rivera on Saturday,
20	4 January 9th." The police records do you know whether
21	12:43:57 5 a police report was made?
22	Response/Objection:
23	6 MR. WOODS: I'm going to hold on. I'm going
24	7 to object to the question as beyond the scope of the
25	8 jurisdictional issues and instruct the witness not to
26	9 answer.
27	Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to

1	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
2	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
3	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
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5	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
6	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
7	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
8	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
9	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
10	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
11	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los
12	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
13	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
14	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
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16	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
17	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
18	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
19	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
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(2 7	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
28	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise

jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

37. Question:

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- Q Are you aware, Cardinal, that Monsignor Curry
 - 12 went to Nicolas Aguilar and told him he was under
 - 13 investigation before the police received the report and
 - 14 could investigate?

Response/Objection:

- 12:44:26 15 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the
 - 16 scope of the jurisdictional issues and instruct the
 - 17 witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the

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12	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring			
13	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise			
14	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full			
15	and complete inquiry can be made.			
16	38. Question:			
17	Q Are you do you have any knowledge that			
18	12:44:38 20 Monsignor Curry went and alerted Mon went and			
19	21 alerted Nicolas Aguilar to the fact that a police			
20	22 investigation was under way?			
21	Response/Objection:			
22	23 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the			
23	24 scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not to			
24	12:44:59 25 answer.			
₂ 25	Reason answer should be compelled:			

the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made

in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to

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and complete inquiry can be made.

39. Question:

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- Q Are there provisions in the Canon law
- 3 protocols under which you operate as a bishop that
- 4 requires you and others to keep matters that are

12:45:17 5 scandalous secret?

Response/Objection:

- 6 MR. WOODS: I object to the question as beyond
- 7 the scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not
- 8 to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony

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Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
and complete inquiry can be made.
40. Question:
Q Is there a requirement of secrecy involving
11 matters of scandal, such as sexual abuse, that would

- 12 also apply to Norberto Rivera as then a bishop and now a
 - 13 cardinal?

MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The

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Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

41. Question:

- Q Is it correct to say that when you are
 - 17 installed as a cardinal, that you take -- are made to
 - 18 take an oath of secrecy to the Vatican or the Holy See?

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MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto

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- 4 MR. WOODS: I object to the form. I object to
- 13 12:46:34 5 the question as beyond the scope of the jurisdictional
 - 6 issues and instruct the witness not to answer

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,

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17 18	and complete inquiry can be made.				
	, -				
18	and complete inquiry can be made.				
18 19	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question:				
18 19 20	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question: Q And if this is the oath, in the middle of it,				
18 19 20 21	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question: Q And if this is the oath, in the middle of it, 9 I'll direct your attention to the provision that says "I				
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18 19 20 21 22 23 24	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question: Q And if this is the oath, in the middle of it, 9 I'll direct your attention to the provision that says "I 12:46:51 10 am not to reveal to anyone what is confided to me in 11 secret nor divulge what may bring harm or dishonor to				
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question: Q And if this is the oath, in the middle of it, 9 I'll direct your attention to the provision that says "I 12:46:51 10 am not to reveal to anyone what is confided to me in 11 secret nor divulge what may bring harm or dishonor to 12 the Holy Church."				
18 19 20 21 22 23	and complete inquiry can be made. 43. Question: Q And if this is the oath, in the middle of it, 9 I'll direct your attention to the provision that says "I 12:46:51 10 am not to reveal to anyone what is confided to me in 11 secret nor divulge what may bring harm or dishonor to 12 the Holy Church." 13 Is it correct to say, Cardinal, that a sexual				

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scope of the jurisdictional issues and instruct the

18 witness not to answer.

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	1	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
	2	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los
	3	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
	4	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
	5	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
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	7	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
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	16	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
	17	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
	18	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
	19	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
	20	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
	21	and complete inquiry can be made.
	22	45. Question:
	23	Q Are you aware, Cardinal, that the police
	24	2 received enough information on January 8th and
	25	3 immediately thereafter from more than one source enough
į	25 26 27	4 to have excuse me.
;	27	12:49:42 5 When do you when do you believe the police
	28	6 were were notified?
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- 7 MR. WOODS: Object to the --
- 8 MR. ANDERSON: of the information that
- 9 Monsignor Curry or other employees of the Archdiocese
- 12:49:55 10 had concerning this?
 - 11 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the
 - 12 scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not to
 - 13 answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and

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46. Question:

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Q What do you know about who reported it to the

16 police?

Response/Objection:

17 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father

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questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
and complete inquiry can be made.
47. Question:
Q Cardinal, when did Nicolas Aguilar leave the

12:52:12 15 Archdiocese of L.A.?

Response/Objection:

- MR. WOODS: I object to the question as beyond
- 17 the scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not
- 18 to answer.

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Reason answer should be compelled:

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Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The

questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

48. Question:

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Q When did Nicolas Aguilar return to Mexico?

Response/Objection:

- 21 MR. WOODS: Same obstruction, same answer.
- 22 Same -- same objection, same instruction. Why don't you
- 23 ask him if he knows when he left.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas

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10	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
11	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
12	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
13	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
14	and complete inquiry can be made.
15	49. Question:
16	Q Who facilitated or aided him in his return
17	12:52:35 1 from L.A. to Mexico?
18	Response/Objection:
19	2 MR. WOODS: I object to the question as beyond
20	3 the scope of the jurisdictional issues and instruct the
21	4 witness not to answer.

- witness not to answer.
- 22 12:52:45 5 MR. HABEL: It's argumentative.
 - 6 MR. SELSBERG: And it assumes facts not in
 - 7 evidence.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably

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calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto 23 Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The 25 questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full 28 and complete inquiry can be made.

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- Q What was Monsignor Curry's role in beyond
- 12:52:56 10 advising him that he was under suspicion and a full
 - 11 investigation was to be taking place, role in Aguilar's
 - 12 departure from L.A.?

Response/Objection:

13 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father

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questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
and complete inquiry can be made.
51. Question:
Q Was Auxiliary Bishop or Father Stephen Blaire
16 involved in Nicolas Aguilar's departure in any way?
Response/Objection:

17 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly

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16	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
17	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
18	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
19	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
20	and complete inquiry can be made.
21	52. Question:
22	Q Did you ever discuss with Stephen Blaire the
23	12:53:28 20 suspicions of sexual abuse by Nicolas Aguilar?
24	Response/Objection:
.25	21 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

25 21 MR. WOODS: Same obj
26 Reason answer should be compelled:
27 Any party may obtain discovery Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to

28 the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made

in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full

2 53. Question:

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- Q Did Stephen Blaire -- was Stephen Blaire at
 - 24 this time in residence at St. Bernadette's?

Response/Objection:

12:53:49 25 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of

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54. Question:

Q Was he involved in this in any way?

Response/Objection:

3 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,

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2	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
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14	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
15	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
16	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
17	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
18	and complete inquiry can be made.
19	55. Question:
20	Q Was there any attempt to by Archdiocesan
21	16 officials to contact Mexican police authorities?
22	Response/Objection:

Response/Objection:

- 17 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the
- 18 scope of this deposition and instruct the witness not to
- 19 answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made

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1	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
2	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
3	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
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16	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
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18	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
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26 (27	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
<u>(</u> 27	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
28	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full

56. Question:

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- Q Was there any attempt by you or anybody at
 - 22 your request to keep Aguilar in the country so he would
 - 23 not go back to Mexico?

Response/Objection:

- MR. WOODS: Argumentative, beyond the scope of
- 12:54:52 25 jurisdiction, instruct the witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and

- 3 police that he was staying with -- that Nicolas Aguilar
- 4 was staying with members -- with members of his family
- 12:55:08 5 and had an intention to return to Mexico?

Response/Objection:

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6 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly

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20	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
21	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
22	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
23	and complete inquiry can be made.
24	58. Question:
25	Q On January 11th, police records indicate that
2 6	18 Sister Renee reported to police. Are you aware of that?

Response/Objection:

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MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the

Reason answer should be compelled:

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17	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
18	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
19	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
20	and complete inquiry can be made.
21	60. Question:
22	Do you know how Father Aguilar got to the
23	21 airport and out of the country?
24	22 A No.

- 23

 - 23 Q Who in the L.A. Archdiocese may know that?

Response/Objection:

MR. WOODS: I'm going to - hold on. I'm going 24 01:00:12 25 to object to the question as beyond the scope of the

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Reason answer should be compelled:

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4	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
5	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
6	and complete inquiry can be made.
7	61. Question:
8	My question to you is are you aware that Ann
9	01:05:09 20 Curry called up Tehuacan and actually talked to Norberto
10	21 Rivera as reported by the police?
11	Response/Objection:
12	22 MR. WOODS: Objection. Object to the
13	23 question as
14	24 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; assumes facts not in
15	01:05:23 25 evidence.
16	01:05:24 1 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the
17	2 scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not to
18	3 answer.
19	Reason answer should be compelled:
2 0	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
21	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
22	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
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25	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
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62. Question:

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- Q At this time on January 8th through
 - 6 January 11th, 1988, were you laboring under the belief
 - 7 that Norberto Rivera was not accessible to you and your
 - 8 designees by telephone?

Response/Objection:

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9 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question 01:05:54 10 as beyond the scope of jurisdiction and instruct the

11 witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an

1 extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father 2 3 Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The 4 questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring 5 into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise 6 jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full 7 and complete inquiry can be made. 63. 8 Ouestion: Q Was there something, Cardinal, that kept you 10 14 from making the call that Ann Curry made as reflected in 11 01:06:07 15 this report to Norberto Rivera? 12 Response/Objection: 13

- 16 MR. WOODS: I object to the question as beyond
- 17 the scope of jurisdiction and instruct the witness not
- 18 to answer.

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Reason answer should be compelled:

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16	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
17	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
18	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
19	and complete inquiry can be made.
20	64. Question:
21	Q Was there something that kept Monsignor Curry

21 from making the call?

Response/Objection:

22 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably

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65. Question:

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- Q When Nicolas Aguilar first served, it was at
 - 6 Our Lady of Guadelupe? He went to Our Lady of Guadelupe
 - 7 and then was moved to St. Agatha's. What do you know
 - 8 about that?

Response/Objection:

- 9 MR. WOODS: Object. The question is beyond the
- 01:29:05 10 scope of jurisdiction over Mexican nationals and
 - 11 instruct the witness not to answer.
 - 12 MR. SELSBERG: I object. It's vague.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas

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12	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
13	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
14	and complete inquiry can be made.
15	66. Question:
16	Q And why did you write the letter, Cardinal?
17	Response/Objection:
18	01:30:50 10 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the form
19	11 strike that.
20	12 I'm going to object to the question as beyond
21	13 the scope of the jurisdictional issues and instruct the
22	14 witness not to answer. His state of mind has nothing to
23	01:31:05 15 do with jurisdiction.
24	Reason answer should be compelled:
25	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
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Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section

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- Q At the time that you wrote this letter,
 - 21 Nicolas Aguilar was under the exclusive control of
 - 22 Bishop Rivera as his Ordinary, was he not?

Response/Objection:

- 23 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; assumes facts not in
- 7 24 evidence.
 - 01:31:45 25 MR. WOODS; I'm going to object that it's beyond
 - 1 the scope of the jurisdictional issues and instruct the
 - 2 witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew lit and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas

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11	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
12	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
13	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
14	and complete inquiry can be made.
15	68. Question:
16	Q Yes. And at this point in time that you
17	13 wrote the letter or at any time before this, was there
18	14 anything that prevented from Nicolas excuse me
19	01:32:41 15 that prevented Bishop Rivera from sending such a letter
20	16 to the other bishops in Mexico warning them that this
21	17 guy was a molester?
22	Response/Objection:
23	18 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question
24	19 as beyond the scope of the jurisdictional issues and
25	01:32:56 20 instruct the witness not to answer.
26	Reason answer should be compelled:
26 27 28	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
28	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made

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69. Question:

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- Q Is there anything under Canon Law that
 - 23 prevented Bishop Rivera from cooperating with the
 - 24 extradition of Nicolas Aguilar back to the U.S. for

01:33:17 25 prosecution?

Response/Objection:

1 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and

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0	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
.1	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
2	and complete inquiry can be made.
3	70. Question:
14	Q Okay. And, in fact, there's a number of
15	01:34:21 20 things that Bishop Rivera could do that you didn't have
16	21 the power to do to both get this guy back here and to
17	22 prevent other kids from being harmed in Mexico?
18	Response/Objection:
19	23 MR. WOODS: Objection.
20	24 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation
21	01:34:43 25 and assumes facts not in evidence.
22	01:34:45 1 MR. WOODS: Object. Beyond the scope of the
23	2 jurisdictional issues and instruct the witness not to
24	3 answer.
25	Reason answer should be compelled:
26	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
26 27 28	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
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71. Question:

Q Bishop, as -- as an Ordinary, you have the

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Response/Objection:

8 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an

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72. Question:

- Q And to investigate both their whereabouts and
 - 11 their activities, at least the priests under your
 - 12 control, correct?

Response/Objection:

13 MR. WOODS: Same objection, same instruction.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,

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14	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise	
15	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full	
16	and complete inquiry can be made.	
17	73. Question:	
18	Q And at this time, besides the civil	
19	01:35:35 20 authorities, Bishop Rivera was the one who had the most	
20	21 control over Nicolas Aguilar because he was a priest of	
21	22 Tehuacan?	
22	Response/Objection:	
23	23 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation.	
24	24 MR. WOODS: I agree. Calls for speculation.	

- MR. WOODS: I agree. Calls for speculation.
- 01:35:54 25 It's also beyond the scope of jurisdictional issues and
- 01:35:57 1 instruct the witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made

in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

74. Question	Æ	Question:	74.
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- Q And if he didn't know where he was at this
 I point in time as the bishop of Tehuacan, he could have
 - 2 written to other bishops in Mexico and said "I've got a
 - 3 priest who I'm trying to locate" and seek information
 - 4 from the other -- the bishops in Mexico the same way you
- 01:39:48 5 wrote this letter to him, right?

Response/Objection:

- 6 MR. WOODS: Object that it goes beyond the scope
- 7 of the jurisdictional issues and instruct the witness
- 8 not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas

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10	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The	
11	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring	
12	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise	
13	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full	
14		
15	75. Question:	
16	Q Okay. "And from U.S. and Mexican press."	
17	9 At the last paragraph on this on this full	
18	01:47:28 10 paragraph on this page beginning with "The priest's	
19	11 parents," I'd like you to go down and address the	
20	12 sentence - I'll read it to you, then ask you a	
21	13 question.	
22	14 It states, "You will understand that I'm not	
23	01:47:44 15 in a position to find him, much less force him to return	
24	16 and appear in court."	
25	17 Cardinal, is it correct to say that as a	
2 6	18 bishop, he is in a position to attempt to locate them	
76 77 28	19 through his resources, and if he does, order him to	
28	01:48:18 20 return to the U.S. and appear in court?	
1	Resnance/Objection.	

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21 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; compound, calls for

22 speculation.

23 MR. WOODS: I am going to object to the question

24 as beyond the scope of the jurisdictional facts and

01:48:34 25 instruct the witness not to answer. Plus, we've plowed

01:48:38 1 this territory about a hundred times already.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting

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1	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was	
2	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an	
3	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto	
4	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father	
5	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The	
6	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring	
7	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise	
8	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full	
9	and complete inquiry can be made.	
10	76. Question:	
11	Q Okay. You state here, "I would like to tell	
12	19 you I have not received any letter nor any other	
13	01:53:37 20 information." The next actually, the last full	
14	21 paragraph beginning with "I'm very confused," I'm going	
15	22 to read that and ask you a question.	
16	23 "I'm very confused because in your letter of	
17	24 January 27, '87, you did not mention any other personal	
18	01:54:00 25 problem concerning Father Aguilar." It must be "If you	
19	01:54:06 1 had written me that Father Aguilar had some homosexual	
20	2 problem, I assure you that we haven't received that in	
21	3 the Archdiocese. We have here in the Archdiocese of	
22	4 Los Angeles quite a clear plan of action: We do not	
23	01:54:25 5 admit priests with any homosexual problems."	
24	6 At this point in time, where had it been	
25	7 written that there was a plan of action in the	
26	8 Archdiocese that you do not admit any priests with any	
26 27 28	9 homosexual problem?	
28	Response/Objection:	
	01:54:47 10 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question	

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11 as beyond the scope of jurisdiction and instruct the

12 witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father

Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full and complete inquiry can be made.

Question:

- Q Is it fair to say, Cardinal, that as an
- 7 Ordinary, as a Cardinal Archbishop, you are required to
- 8 avoid scandal under the Canons and the protocols you
- 9 operate?

Response/Objection:

- 01:56:45 10 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object -- I'm going to
- 11 object to the question as beyond the scope of the
- 12 jurisdictional issues and instruct the witness not to
- 13 answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,

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1	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
2	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
3	1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
4	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
5	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
6	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
7	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
8	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
9	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
10	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
11	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
12	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
13	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
14	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
15	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
16	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
17	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
18	and complete inquiry can be made.
19	78. Question:
20	Q Is it fair to say that the sexual molestation
21	16 by a priest is considered under the church protocols to
22	17 be scandalous and kept to be dealt with by church
23	18 authorities alone?
24	Response/Objection:

- MR. WOODS: Object to the question as beyond the 19 01:57:15 20 scope of the deposition and instruct the witness not to
- Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to

the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehnacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full

79. Question:

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- Q In 1987 and 1988, was there a protocol in
- 24 place that required priests and, in particular,
- 01:57:29 25 Ordinaries to avoid scandal and keep accusations of
- 6 01:57:35 1 sexual molestation among themselves?

Response/Objection:

- 2 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question
- 3 as beyond the scope of jurisdiction and instruct the
- 4 witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony

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1	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
2	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
3	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
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6	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
7	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
8	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
9	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
10	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
11	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
12	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
13	and complete inquiry can be made.
14	80. Question:
15	Q Are you familiar with the 1962 document
16	7 solicitation and a confessional promulgated by the
17	8 Vatican that establishes a protocol for keeping matters

9 of sexual abuse secret and among church authorities?

Response/Objection:

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01:58:10 10 MR. WOODS: I object to the question as beyond

- 11 the scope of the jurisdictional issues and instruct the
- 12 witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew

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Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
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questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
and complete inquiry can be made

26 81. Question:
27 Q If such a Vation:
28 01:58:20 15 by the

Q If such a Vatican - document had been issued

01:58:20 15 by the papal office and the congregation of the doctrine

16 in 1962 and issued to all of the Ordinaries across the

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- 17 world, it would have applied to you, as an Ordinary, as
- 18 well as Norberto Rivera?

Response/Objection:

- 19 MR. WOODS: Objection.
- 01:58:41 20 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation,
 - 21 assumes facts not in evidence.
 - MR. WOODS: Object to the question as compound,
 - 23 confusing, and beyond the scope of the jurisdictional
 - 24 issues and instruct the witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and

- MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation.
- 18 | 02:10:26 15 MR. WOODS: Calls for speculation and beyond the
- 19 16 scope of the jurisdictional issues. Instruct the
- 20 17 witness not to answer.

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Reason answer should be compelled:

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83. Question:

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Q -- the March 23rd, 1987, letter, was never

6 sent?

Response/Objection:

- 7 MR. WOODS: Object to the question as calls for
- 8 speculation and beyond the scope of the deposition and

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9 instruct the witness not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The

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1	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
2	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
3	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
4	and complete inquiry can be made.
5	84. Question:
6	Q Okay. I read this to be an Archdiocese of
7	02:16:10 25 Mexico document stating that Nicolas Aguilar is going to
8	02:16:14 1 be at a parish, and it also notes that he will need
9	2 permission from his bishop to serve in such a parish.
10	3 Do you read this letter that way?
11	Response/Objection:
12	4 MR. WOODS: I'm going to object to the question
13	02:16:32 5 as beyond the scope of the jurisdictional issues and
14	6 instruct the witness not to answer. It also calls for
15	7 speculation, the document speaks for itself.
16	Reason answer should be compelled:
17	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
18	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
19	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
20	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section
21	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of
22	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
23	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
24	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
25	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
2 6	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
27	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
2 8	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los
	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,

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2	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
3	1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
4	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
5	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
6	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
7	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
8	Nícholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
9	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
10	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
11	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
12	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
13	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
14	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
15	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
16	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
17	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
18	and complete inquiry can be made.
19	85. Question:
20	22 Q At the second paragraph, he says "As my
21	23 permission to provide services to the Archdiocese of
22	24 Los Angeles is about to end, I am pleading with his
23	02:28:23 25 Excellency to grant me an extension for an indefinite
24	02:28:28 1 period of time to remain in the same and specifically
25	2 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles."
2 6	This writing by Nicolas Aguilar to his
2 7	4 bishop, in effect, is is the formal protocol and
⊋ 28	02:28:46 5 request that, if granted, would allow him to stay,

6 correct?

Response/Objection:

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- 7 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation.
- 8 MR. WOODS: Okay. I'm going to object that it
- 9 calls for an expert opinion, it's an incomplete
- 02:29:06 10 hypothetical, it has nothing to do with jurisdiction in
 - 11 this case.
 - Do you understand the question? I'm going to
 - 13 instruct him not to answer.

Reason answer should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father

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2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of

it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The

Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly

Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew

87. Question:

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- Q Well, in any case, the fact that he didn't
- 02:33:44 1 have a permit when he came here the first time, it's
 - 2 clear that his bishop knew he didn't have it, correct?

Response/Objection:

3 MR. WOODS: No. Hold on. I'm going to object to

1	4 the continual speculative nature of the question. It	
2	02:34:02 5 assumes a speculated situation. It has nothing to do	
3	6 with jurisdiction, and I instruct the witness not to	
4	7 answer.	
5	8 MR. ANDERSON: I'll take that one.	
6	9 There's there's a full line of questions	
7	02:34:23 10 about this and his but I'm going to have the judge	
8	11 decide it.	
9	12 MR. WOODS: Okay.	
10	13 MR. ANDERSON: I'm not going to —	
11	14 MR. WATERS: Just so the just so the record's	
12	02:34:35 15 clear, continual inquiry regarding the immigration	
13	16 status of Aguilar Rivera will be blocked and instruction	
14	17 not to answer based upon the relevance objection?	
15	18 MR. WOODS: Do you know anything about his	
16	19 immigration status?	
17	02:34:50 20 THE WITNESS: No.	
18	21 MR. WOODS: I mean I'll let him answer some	
19	22 questions, but I'm not going to let him just sit here	
20	23 and speculate.	
21	Reason answer should be compelled:	
22	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to	
23	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made	
24	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably	
25	calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section	
	2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of	
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Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
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and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
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contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
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extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
and complete inquiry can be made.
88. Question:
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Q Well, let me put it -- let me put it this

26 02:39:39 25 way. Tell me what you know about what investigations

27 02:39:43 1 Archdiocese conducted to find out how many kids were

2 actually abused by Nicolas Aguilar --

Response/Objection:

1 3 MR. WOODS: Okay. 2 4 BY MR. ANDERSON: 3 02:39:52 5 Q -- while he worked in the Archdiocese of L.A. 4 6 or before he came here. 5 MR. WOODS: Okay. We object to the question as 6 8 beyond the scope of this deposition and instruct the 7 9 witness not to answer. Also, it's compound and 8 02:40:07 10 confusing. 9 Reason answer should be compelled: 10 Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to 11 the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made 12 in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 14 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The 17 Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly 18 duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On

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4	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
5	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
6	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
7	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
8	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
9	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
10	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
11	and complete inquiry can be made.
12	89. Question:
13	Q And he could have sent the same letter to all
14	14 the suffragan dioceses in Mexico that you sent to this
15	02:45:40 15 guy.
16	Response/Objection:
17	16 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; calls for speculation.
18	17 BY MR. ANDERSON:
19	18 Q Couldn't he have?
20	19 MR. WOODS: I'm going to I mean obviously
21	02:45:47 20 anything is possible. You could send a letter to
22	21 anybody you want to. I don't think that's what you're
23	22 trying to ask.
24	23 So what you're asking is whether the
25	24 Archbishop of Mexico City has jurisdiction to send a
7261027	02:45:59 25 letter to those in the Xalapa province, which is calling
27	02:46:03 1 for an ecclesiastical expert opinion. I'm going to
28	2 instruct him not to answer. It's irrelevant.
	3 MR. ANDERSON: Well, that's not what I'm asking.

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Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The

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1	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
2	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
3	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
4	and complete inquiry can be made.
5	90. Question:
6	Q And he is able to send the same letter, if he
7	16 so chooses, to all the other diocese in Mexico or
8	17 wherever Nicolas Aguilar Rivera is known to be, correct?
9	Response/Objection:
10	18 MR. WOODS: Calls
11	19 MR. SELSBERG: Objection; assumes facts not in
12	02:46:57 20 evidence.
13	21 MR. WOODS: And not relating to jurisdiction.
14	22 Instruct the witness not to answer.
15	Reason answer should be compelled:
16	Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to
17	the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made
18	in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably
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23	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
24	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
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6	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
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12	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
13	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The
14	questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring
15	into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise
16	jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full
17	and complete inquiry can be made.
18	91. Question:
19	Q If you were Cardinal Rivera and this was your
20	02:47:11 25 priest that was sent to another jurisdiction and
21	02:47:14 l abuse was discovered as it was here, tell me all the
22	2 things you could have done to protect children to get

3 him back to the U.S. after you learned he left.

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Response/Objection:

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MR. WOODS; Okay.

MR. SELSBERG: Objection. That calls for

26 02:47:29 5 27 6 sp

6 speculation.

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MR. WOODS: I object to the question as beyond

8 the scope of jurisdiction over these two particular

02:47:41 10 answer.

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Reason answer should be compelled:

9 Mexican nationals and instruct the witness not to

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father

Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. The 2 questions blocked by defense attorney's improper instruction precludes plaintiff from inquiring 3 into relevant matters that will shed light on whether California Courts may exercise jurisdiction over the Mexican Defendants. Defendant must be compelled to answer so a full 4 5 and complete inquiry can be made. б 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 /// 16 17 | /// 18 /// 19 111 20 /// 21 1/// 22 /// 23 /// 24 /// 111 200.

SEPARATE STATEMENT OF DISPUTED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

137011/

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED IN THE NOTICES OF TAKING DEPOSITION PERTAINING TO BOTH DEPONENTS, CARDINAL MAHONY AND BISHOP CURRY:

The following is the discussion between plaintiff's and defense counsel pertaining to the production of documents for both deponents which transpired at the deposition of CARDINAL MAHONY (See Deposition of CARDINAL MAHONY submitted herewith at P.16:1 - 22:15). Such discussion is pertinent to the Response/Objection of the production of documents and the meet and confer process. Relevant portions are restated as follows:

- 09:55:15 1 Q And for the record, Counsel, we'll mark
 - 2 Exhibit A the notice of deposition with the request for
 - 3 production of documents appended to it as Exhibit A.
 - 4 (Whereupon, Exhibit A was introduced and
- 09:55:25 5 marked for identification by the Certified Shorthand
 - 6 Reporter, a copy of which is attached hereto.)
 - 7 MR. WOODS: Okay, Fine.
 - 8 MR. ANDERSON: And any -- for the record,
 - 9 Counsel, any documents requested in Exhibit A that have
- 09:55:37 10 not been produced here today, which I have not had an
 - 11 opportunity to examine, but I will, are there any
 - 12 documents that exist responsive to this request that
 - 13 have not been produced or are being withheld pursuant to
 - 14 a privilege or an objection?
- 09:56:01 15 MR. WOODS: Well, since one of your requests asks
 - 16 for any document that even mentions the name Aguilar
 - 17 Rivera, there's obviously a number of documents that
 - 18 have not been produced because, in our opinion, they are
 - 19 outside the scope of this deposition.
- 09:56:23 20 And there are no documents within the scope
 - 21 of the deposition as I have interpreted it in my opening

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SWERS

1	09:58:22 1 MR. ANDERSON: Counsel, I'm looking at the
2	2 production, for example, documents in Exhibit B numbered
3	3 20 and then there's a gap, 20 and the next one is 37
4	4 as Bates stamped, so there are approximately 17
5	09:58:38 5 documents there that have been that are in the file
6	6 of Nicolas Aguilar Rivera that you referred to as the
7	7 clergy file, those documents are being withheld on the
8	8 basis they are not relevant to the jurisdictional
9	9 inquiry that's being permitted here?
0	09:58:55 10 MR. WOODS: Correct.
1	11 MR. ANDERSON: Isn't the relevancy objection for
2	12 the court and us to decide? Is that really a proper
3	13 basis to withhold documentation pertaining to the priest
4	14 file?
5	09:59:12 15 MR. WOODS: Well, we may have a dispute about it.
6	16 But I'm comfortable that the court on a number of
7	17 occasions in this matter has specifically stated that
8	18 this should be a short deposition specifically focusing
9	19 on jurisdictional facts and not getting into the
20	09:59:32 20 underlying substance or any other issues that might be
21	21 relevant to the lawsuit, in general, but just
22	22 jurisdiction.
23	23 And so with that in mind, the witness has
24	24 been prepared for that limited type of inquiry, and we
25	09:59:46 25 have produced documents limited to that inquiry. And
26	09:59:50 1 it's up to you if you want to take it up with the judge,
27	2 but and we will obviously be guided by his ruling.
28	3 But we understand that he's already ruled this way.
	4 MR. ANDERSON: The purpose of this deposition is
	II

1	10:00:05 5 to do discovery on jurisdiction. I agree with you on
2	6 that. I don't agree that it permits you to withhold
3	7 documents in the clergy file maintained by the
4	8 Archdiocese pertaining to Nicolas Aguilar Rivera. And
5	9 so it would be our intention to take that up with the
6	10:00:23 10 court.
7	11 As an alternative, I would invite you to
8	12 consider a sealed production of those documents, that
9	13 is, a separate production to us of those documents that
10	14 allows us to review them to determine whether or not
11	10:00:37 15 there may or may not be something in there that is
12	16 relevant to the jurisdictional inquiry. And then if
13	17 there is something we consider relevant to the
14	18 jurisdictional inquiry, you and I will do a meet and
15	19 confer and decide whether or not we need to use it.
16	10:00:52 20 So please consider that proposal, and we'll
17	21 have time through the course of this morning to do that
18	22 as an alternative to utilizing the court on this issue.
19	23 MR. WOODS: Okay.
20	24 MR. ANDERSON: Because I think it's clear that
21	10:01:06 25 there is documents that have not been produced on the
22	10:01:09 1 basis of relevancy.
23	2 Are there any other is there any other
24	3 basis on which documents in the clergy file of Nicolas
2 5	4 Aguilar Rivera have not been produced besides relevancy?
2 6	10:01:22 5 MR. WOODS: As I said before, we limit the scope
25 26 27	6 to jurisdictional facts. We have produced all the
28	7 documents relating to jurisdictional facts. None
	8 relating to jurisdictional facts have been withheld

۱	9 because of a privilege.
2	10:01:39 10 And obviously, just to make it clear, to say
3	11 the opposite, there are privileged documents in the
4	12 file, but they don't relate to jurisdiction. So nothing.
5	13 has been withheld from our scope of production because
6	14 of a privilege.
7	10:01:58 15 MR. ANDERSON: What privileges do you believe are
8	16 assertable pertaining to the documents that have been
9	17 withheld?
10	18 MR. WOODS: We haven't made an ascertainment. We
11	19 haven't made a discernment of that because they're
12	10:02:10 20 totally irrelevant to this proceeding.
13	21 MR. ANDERSON: If they're in the file of Nicolas
14	22 Aguilar Rivera, how can they be irrelevant to this
15	23 proceeding?
16	24 MR. WOODS: There may be attorney-client
17	10:02:20 25 communications. There may be psychiatric-patient
18	10:02:25 1 privilege communications. I don't know. Because we
19	2 didn't — we didn't make a discernment of documents that
20	3 are beyond the scope of this deposition.
21	4 MR. ANDERSON: Okay. I'm going to ask you to
22	10:02:39 5 give me an answer to my alternative proposal to the
23	6 nonproduction before the conclusion of the deposition,
24	7 obviously, of Cardinal Mahony, and I'll simply advise
25	8 you that it is our position that you're required to
26	9 produce the file of Nicolas Aguilar Rivera.
25 26 27	10:02:58 10 If there are privileges that are assertable,
28	I1 they need to be identified as such, and we need to be
	12 allowed be allowed to inquire as to whether they're

1	13 relevant or whether they fall within an identifiable
2	14 privilege. And for
3	10:03:15 15 MR. WOODS: Right. Well, I can respond to that
4	16 right now. I mean it's not appropriate, it's not
5	17 customary within our discovery procedures to turn over
6	18 irrelevant or privileged matter to an opponent so that
7	19 they can determine whether, in their opinion, it's
8	10:03:30 20 relevant and privileged.
9	21 We make the determination. And if you want
10	22 to challenge it, you take it up with the judge, and the
۱1	23 judge, if anyone, would make that determination. But we
12	24 certainly wouldn't give it to our opponent. That would
13	10:03:43 25 defeat the whole purpose of asserting the objections.
14	10:03:47 1 MR. ANDERSON: Counsel, I wasn't suggesting you
15	2 give us the document on which you're asserting the
16	3 privilege. I was suggesting you give us identify the
17	4 nature of the document and the privilege on which it's
18	10:03:58 5 being withheld so that that can be scrutinized. I'm not
19	6 suggesting you give us the document.
20	7 As as to the documents being withheld on
21	8 the basis of relevancy pertaining to jurisdiction, I am
22	9 suggesting, as the alternative proposal, you give us
23	10:04:12 10 those documents. Do you understand?
24	11 MR. WOODS: I hear it.
25	12 MR. ANDERSON: Okay.
25 26 27	13 MR. WOODS: You have my response, and we'll
17	14 we'll let the judge decide.
28	10:04:18 15 MR. ANDERSON: Okay.
	1. Document Requested:

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Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto

ALL documents concerning Father Nicolas Aguilar (aka Nicolas Aguilar Rivera).

Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan.

2. Document Requested:

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ALL DOCUMENTS containing the name "Father Nicolas Aguilar (aka Nicolas Aguilar Rivera)" in any formulation of those words.

Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of

contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan.

3. Document Requested:

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ALL DOCUMENTS containing the personnel file of Father Nicolas Aguilar (aka Nicolas Aguilar Rivera).

Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas

Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan.

4. Document Requested:

ALL DOCUMENTS containing the Sub Secreto file of Father Nicolas Aguilar (aka Nicolas Aguilar Rivera).

Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,

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5. Document Requested:

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ALL DOCUMENTS containing the Confidential file of Father Nicolas Aguilar (aka Nicolas Aguilar Rivera).

Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On

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January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan.

Document Requested:

ALL DOCUMENTS CONCERNING the incardination of Father Nicolas Aguilar (aka Nicolas Aguilar Rivera).

Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of

Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The 3 Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los 8 Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 11 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas 13 Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting 17 Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was 18 not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. 22 23 7. Document Requested: 24 ALL DOCUMENTS containing the passport of Father Nicolas Aguilar (aka Nicolas

ALL DOCUMENTS containing the passport of Father Nicolas Aguilar (aka Nicolas Aguilar Rivera).

Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to

the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan.

8. Document Requested:

ALL DOCUMENTS containing the visa of Father Nicolas Aguilar (aka Nicolas Aguilar Rivera) to travel to the United States in 1987).

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Response/Objection:

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See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the 20 | Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of 25 contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father

Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan.

9. Document Requested:

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ALL DOCUMENTS containing the United States government documentation allowing Father Nicolas Aguilar (aka Nicolas Aguilar Rivera) to work in the United States in 1987 and 1988.

Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of

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10. Document Requested:

For each priest who worked in YOUR Archdiocese and thereafter worked in a diocese in Mexico, the DOCUMENTS CONCERNING the change in location of their place of work.

Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas

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11. Document Requested:

ALL DOCUMENTS containing the policy of YOUR Archdiocese CONCERNING the change in location of a priest from YOUR diocese to another diocese.

Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,

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12. Document Requested:

ALL DOCUMENTS containing the policy of YOUR Archdiocese CONCERNING the change in location of a priest from another diocese to YOUR diocese.

Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On

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Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of

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1	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew
2	it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The
3	Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly
4	duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On
5	January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father
6	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly
7	duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los
8	Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11,
9	1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas
10	Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9,
11	1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the
12	Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas
13	Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony
14	and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and
15	Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father
16	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of
17	contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting
18	Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was
19	not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an
20	extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto
21	Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father
22	Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan.
23	14. Document Requested:
	II

ALL DOCUMENTS containing the policy of YOUR Archdiocese CONCERNING the incardination of a priest from another diocese to YOUR diocese.

Response/Objection:

See above discussion between counsel.

Reason production should be compelled:

Any party may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to

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the subject matter involved in the pending action or to the determination of any motion made in that action, if the matter either is itself admissible in evidence or appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. (Code of Civil Procedure Section 2017.010.) At issue in this matter is the sexual abuse of plaintiff, what defendants knew of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's proclivities to engage in child sexual abuse, when they knew it and what they did with that information. Defendants Cardinal Norberto Rivera and The Diocese of Tehuacan were aware of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's unfitness for priestly duties prior to sending Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera to the Archdiocese of Los Angeles. On January 8, 1988 the Archdiocese of Los Angeles became aware of allegations of Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera committing child sexual abuse and thereby his unfitness for priestly duties. On January 9, 1988 Bishop Curry met with Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The Los Angeles Archdiocese did not notify Los Angeles authorities until three days later, January 11, 1988. During the three day delay in reporting the allegations to authorities, Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera left Los Angeles never to return and thereby avoided capture. From January 9, 1988 until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera has remained a priest incardinated in the Diocese of Tehuacan. During the depositions of Cardinal Roger Mahony and Bishop Thomas Curry plaintiff's counsel attempted to inquire as to what was said between Cardinal Mahony and Bishop Curry, Bishop Curry and Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera, and Bishop Curry and Father McClean when these individuals became aware of the allegations leveed against Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera. The purpose of this line of inquiry was to ascertain if the issue of contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's Superior, Bishop Norberto Rivera, or contacting Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera's diocese The Diocese of Tehuacan was discussed and if it was 23 not discussed the reasons therefore. It is clear that while Father Nicholas Aguilar was an 24 ///

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/// extern priest in Los Angeles he remained under the authority of his bishop, Bishop Norberto Rivera. It is also clear that while an extern priest in Los Angeles up until present Father Nicholas Aguilar Rivera must obey orders from the Bishop of the Diocese of Tehuacan. Dated: September 26, 2007 THE DRIVON LAW FIRM

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CENTRAL DISTRICT

JOAQUIN AGUILAR MENDEZ,

) Case No. BC 358 718

Plaintiff,

COPY

vs.

CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY, THE ROMAN CATHOLIC ARCHBISHOP OF LOS ANGELES, a corporation sole, et al.,

Defendants.

Full Caption on Page 3.

VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF BISHOP THOMAS CURRY

Los Angeles, California

Thursday, September 13, 2007

(Pages 1 through 110)

Reported by: Janet M. Taylor, RMR, CSR No. 9463 Certified Realtime Reporter

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HAHN & BOWERSOCK (800) 660-3187 FAX (714) 662-1398 151 KALMUS DRIVE, SUITE L1 COSTA MESA, CA 92626

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SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CENTRAL DISTRICT

JOAQUIN AGUILAR MENDEZ,

) Case No. BC 358 718

CERTIFIED COPY

Plaintiff,

vs.

CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY, THE ROMAN CATHOLIC ARCHBISHOP OF LOS ANGELES, a corporation sole, et al.,

Defendants.

Full Caption on Page 3.

VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY
Los Angeles, California

Thursday, September 13, 2007

(Pages 1 through 205)

Reported by: Janet M. Taylor, RMR, CSR No. 9463 Certified Realtime Reporter

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PROOF OF SERVICE

I declare that:

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I am employed in the County of San Joaquin, State of California. I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and not a party to the within cause of action; my business address is 215 North San Joaquin Street, Stockton, California 95202.

On September 19, 2007, I served the within:

SEPARATE STATEMENT OF DISPUTED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

7 on all interested parties in said action, addressed as follows:

	INTERESTED PARTY	MAIL	HAND DELIVERY	E- MAIL	FAX
$\ $	Michael L. Cypers Evan M. Wooten			ХХ	
	Elena G. Griffin				
	MAYER BROWN LLP 350 S. Grand Avenue, 25th Floor				
	Los Angeles, CA 90071-1503 Fax: (213) 625-0248				
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7	Steven R. Selsberg (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i>) MAYER, BROWN, ROWE & LAW, LLP			xx	
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1	Fax: (713) 238-4888 Email: srselsberg@mayerbrown.com				
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3	Michael G. Finnegan Jeff Anderson & Associates				1
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Gary Dolinski		XX
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Redwood City, CA 94064	,	
Fax: (650) 367-0367	•	
Email: <u>Gdolinski@carcionelaw.com</u>	i	
	- {	

10 MAIL: Being familiar with the practice of this office for the collection and the processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service, and deposited in the United States Mail copies of the same to the business addresses set forth above, in a sealed envelope fully prepaid.

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HAND: By placing a true copy thereof in a sealed envelope and causing said envelope to be delivered by hand to the address(s) noted above, during normal business hours.

E-MAIL: By transmitting same via electronic email between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. to the addressee(s) noted above at the email addresses shown.

FAX: By personally transmitting same via an electronic facsimile machine between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., to the addressee(s) noted above at the facsimile number shown.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on the above date at Stockton, California.

ł	Laurence E. Drivon, SBN 46660 David E. Drivon, SBN 158369 Robert T. Waters, SBN 196833 THE DRIVON LAW FIRM	
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4	Telephone: (209) 644-1234	
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8	Telephone: (651) 227-9990	
	Martin D. Gross, SBN 147426 LAW OFFICES OF MARTIN D. GROSS 2001 Wilshire Boulevard, Ste. 205	
10	Santa Monica, CA 90403 Telephone: (310) 453-8320	
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12	Joseph W. Carcione, Jr., SBN 56693 Gary W. Dolinski, SBN 107725 CARCIONE, CATTERMOLE, et. al.	
13	601 Brewster Avenue P. O. Box 3389	
14	Redwood City, CA 94064-3389	
15	Telephone: (650) 367-6811	•
16	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
17	SUPERIOR COURT OF TH	E STATE OF CALIFORNIA
18	LOS ANGELES COUNT	Y, CENTRAL DISTRICT
19		
20	JOAQUIN AGUILAR MENDEZ,	CASE NO. BC358718
21	Plaintiff,	DECLARATION OF ROBERT T. WATERS IN SUPPORT OF MOTION
22	v.	FOR ORDER COMPELLING ANSWERS TO DEPOSITION
23	CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY, et al.,	QUESTIONS AND PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS
24		DATE: \\ \ 20/07
25	Defendants.	
	Defendants.	TIME: 8:30 A.M DEPT: 43
	I, ROBERT T. WATERS DO HEREBY	TIME: 8:30 A.M DEPT: 42
	I, ROBERT T. WATERS DO HEREBY	TIME: 8:30 A.M DEPT: 42
76 27 28	I, ROBERT T. WATERS DO HEREBY	TIME: 8:30 A. M DEPT: 42 Y DECLARE: The strong of the attorneys of record for
	I, ROBERT T. WATERS DO HEREBY 1. I am an attorney with The Drivon La plaintiff JOAQUIN AGUILAR MENDEZ. I as	TIME: 8:30 A.M DEPT: 42 Y DECLARE: The Firm, one of the attorneys of record for mover the age of 18 and have personal 1.
	I, ROBERT T. WATERS DO HEREBY 1. I am an attorney with The Drivon La plaintiff JOAQUIN AGUILAR MENDEZ. I at DECLARATION OF ROBERT T. WATERS IN SUPPORT	TIME: 8:30 A. M DEPT: 42 Y DECLARE: The strong of the attorneys of record for

knowledge of the facts put forth herein and would testify thereto if called to do so.

- 2. I was present at the depositions of both CARDINAL ROGER MAHONY and
 Bishop Thomas Curry. I examined Bishop Curry at his deposition. Plaintiff's counsel Jeffrey
 Anderson examined CARDINAL MAHONY.
- 3. The depositions of CARDINAL MAHONY and Bishop Curry were taken on September 13, 2007, in Los Angeles, California, before a certified shorthand reporter and videographer pursuant to each respective's deponents amended notice of taking deposition. A true and correct copy of CARDINAL MAHONY's notice of taking deposition is attached hereto as Exhibit "A". A true and correct copy of Bishop Curry's notice of taking deposition is attached hereto as Exhibit "B".
- 4. At each deposition, CARDINAL MAHONY and Bishop Curry refused to answer certain questions on the advice of Donald F. Woods, Jr., who was acting as counsel for the deponents.
- 5. For purposes of this motion, I have prepared and have filed with this declaration a Statement of Questions and Responses in Dispute, setting forth the questions and the deponent's refusal to answer. For the reasons stated in that Statement, the deponents should be ordered to answer the respective questions.
- 6. Each deposition notice attached hereto required the respective deponent to bring to the deposition certain documents. Good cause exists for the production of these documents in that these documents are not privileged, are in the sole possession and control of each deponent and plaintiff has no other means of obtaining the documents, such documents are necessary to the prosecution of plaintiff's case. Each category of documents in the respective deposition notice addresses issues highly relevant to the jurisdictional issue pending before the Court. In my view, the Defendants in this case, and the Deponent and his attorneys, have blocked discovery about AGUILAR to a point where the Plaintiff cannot prepare meaningfully to oppose the MEXICAN DEFENDANTS' Motion To Quash Service of Summons which is to be heard before this court on October 11, 2007. It is improper for the Deponent's attorneys to withhhold documents on the basis of "relevance", when they are the sole arbiters of

- 9. Attached hereto as Exhibits "C" and "D" are true and correct certified copies of the entire depositions of CARDINAL MAHONY and Bishop Curry, respectively. The entire depositions are lodged with the Court herein as the questions, objections, and counsel discussion relative to this motion is throughout each respective deposition.
- 10. The deponents' refusal to answer the proper and relevant questions and produce the documents request was without substantial justification.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Signed this 19th day of September, 2007, in Stockton California.

ROBERT T. WATERS